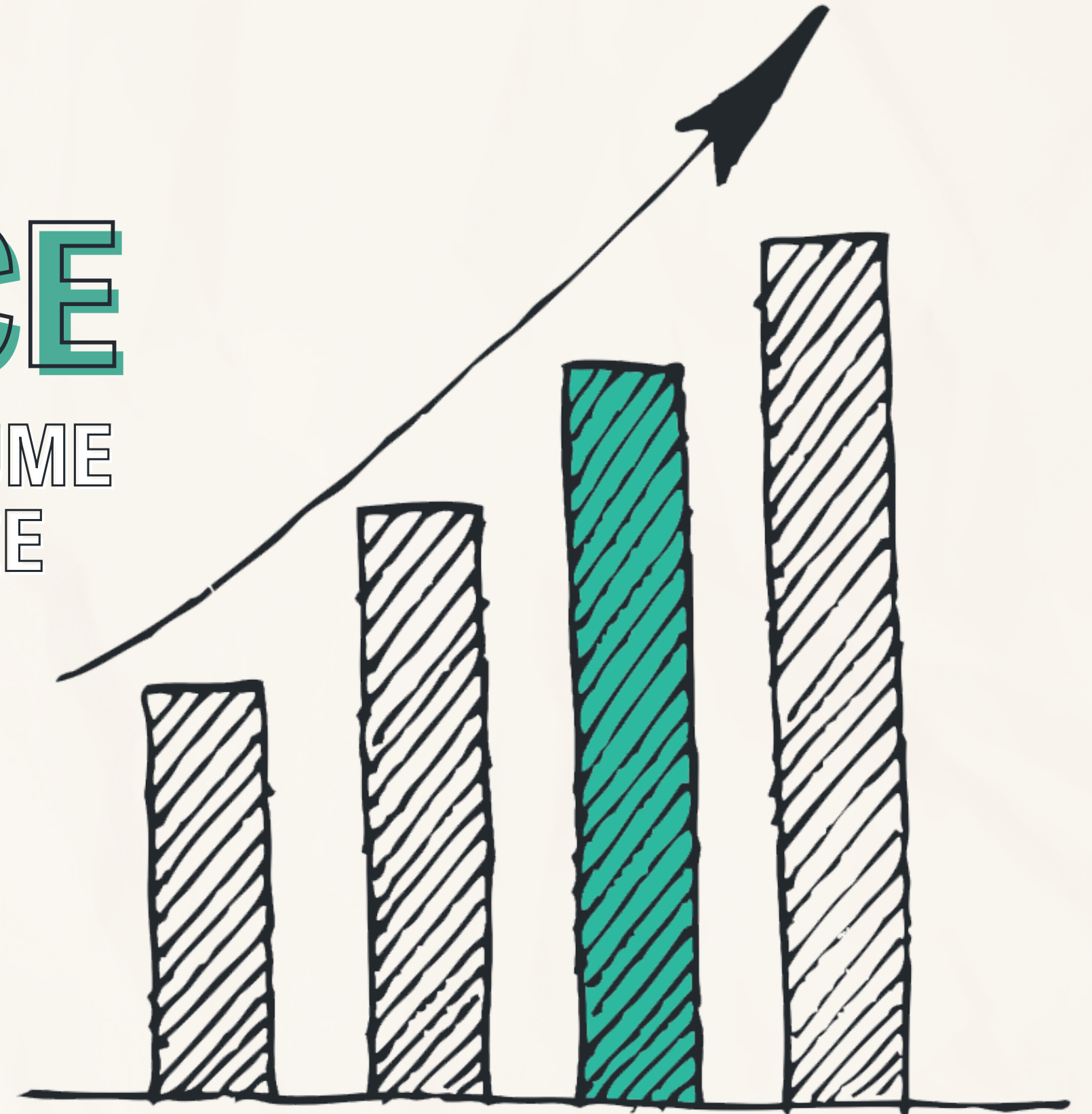


# YAHOO FINANCE CHARTBOOK

VOLUME  
THREE

32 CHARTS THAT TELL THE  
STORY ABOUT MARKETS AND  
THE ECONOMY RIGHT NOW

JULY 2024



# A QUICK NOTE

An overarching feeling of optimism about both the economy and markets emerges from the third volume of the Yahoo Finance Chartbook, a trend similar to that seen in volume two in late January.

Across the 32 charts compiled by economists and strategists on Wall Street, we see broad confidence that the US economy can still achieve the vaunted "soft landing" outcome following the Fed's historic rate-hiking cycle.

Following a nearly 17% gain in the S&P 500 so far this year, equity strategists see room for the bull market to run further, as many areas of the market have only recently joined the rally.

However, at the midpoint of 2024, there is some doubt as to how long this can last without significant changes.

This volume of the Chartbook reflects markets and the economy at what Goldman Sachs economist Jan Hatzius called an "inflection point," where many things appear the same for now — but almost everything seems on the cusp of looking quite different.

**JOSH SCHAFFER** MARKETS REPORTER

**yahoo!finance**

POWERED BY Flourish\*

**THE CASE FOR  
CUTTING RATES**

**THE STATE OF  
THE BULL MARKET**

**A PENDING US  
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION**

**THE HEALTH OF  
THE U.S. ECONOMY**

**THE MARKET'S NEXT MOVE**

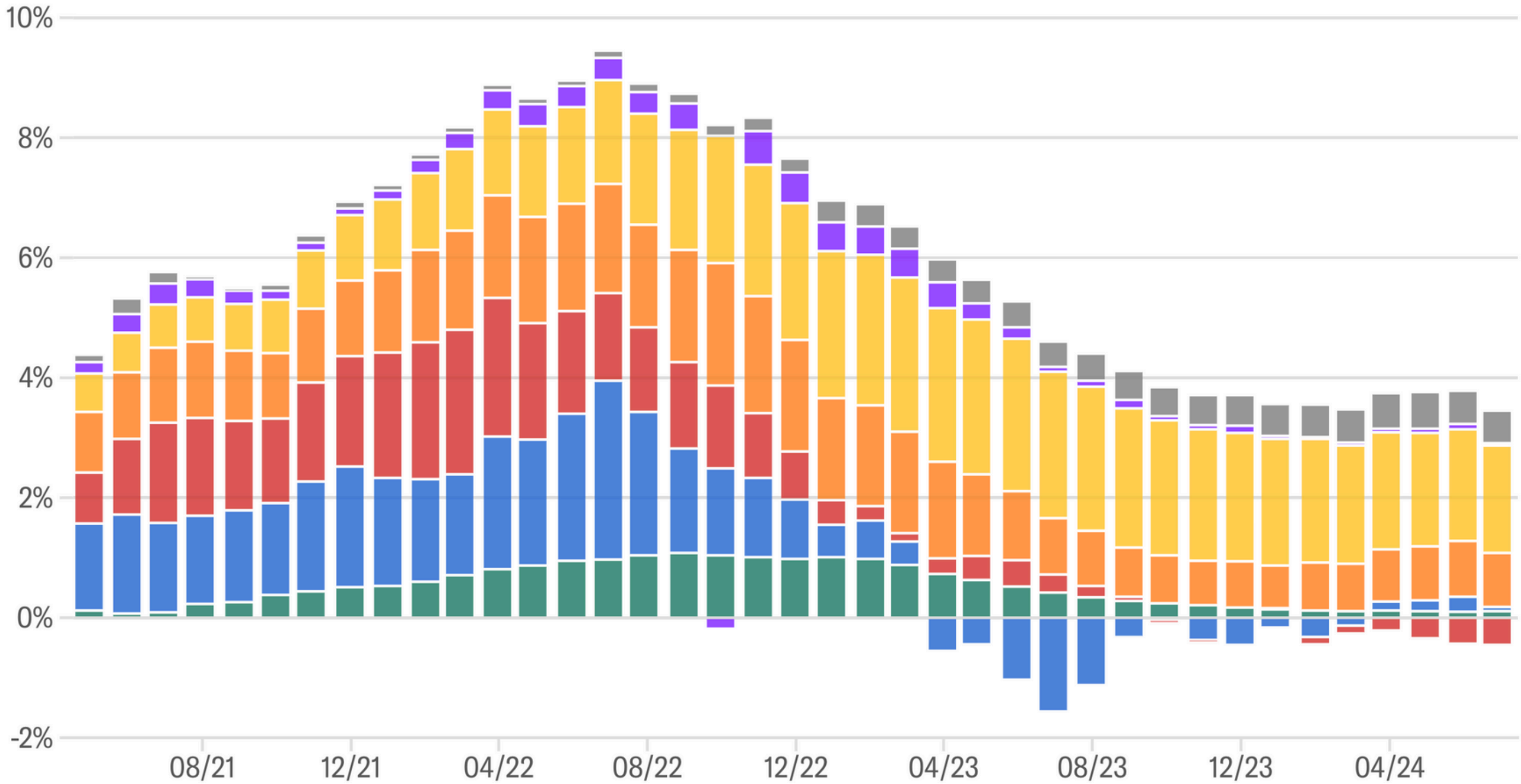
*Some expert commentary  
abridged in this version.*

**GO TO ARTICLE  
FOR FULL COMMENTARY**

# INFLATION CONTINUES SLOW DESCENT

Contribution to year-over-year change in CPI, non-seasonally adjusted

FOOD/ALCOHOL ENERGY CORE GOODS DINING/HOTELS/OTHER SERVICES SHELTER TRANS EX-INSURANCE AUTO INSURANCE



## THE CASE FOR CUTTING RATES

EXPERT COMMENTARY

“Inflation should continue its slow descent and return to 2% by the middle of next year.

If, as expected, inflationary pressures ease through the summer, the Federal Reserve should feel comfortable cutting rates twice this year, delivering a first cut in September.”

**DAVID KELLY**  
J.P. MORGAN ASSET MANAGEMENT

SOURCE: BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS; FACTSET; J.P. MORGAN ASSET MANAGEMENT VIA DAVID KELLY

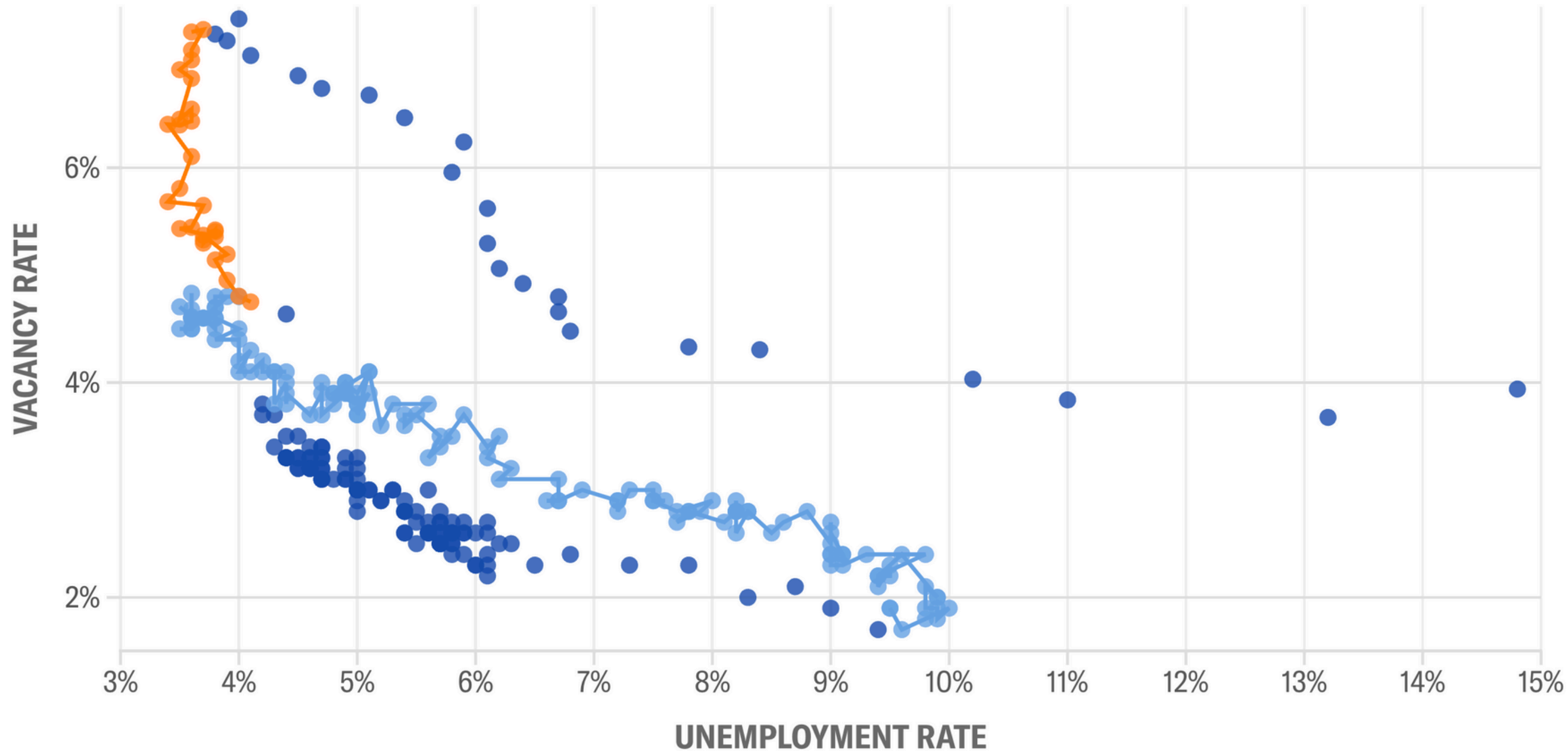




# LABOR MARKET AT AN 'INFLECTION POINT'

The Beveridge Curve shows the unemployment rate against the job openings rate.

● JUNE 2009 TO FEBRUARY 2020 ● MARCH 2022 TO JUNE 2024



*EXPERT COMMENTARY*

“The normalization of the US labor market over the last 2 years has occurred in a very benign fashion...

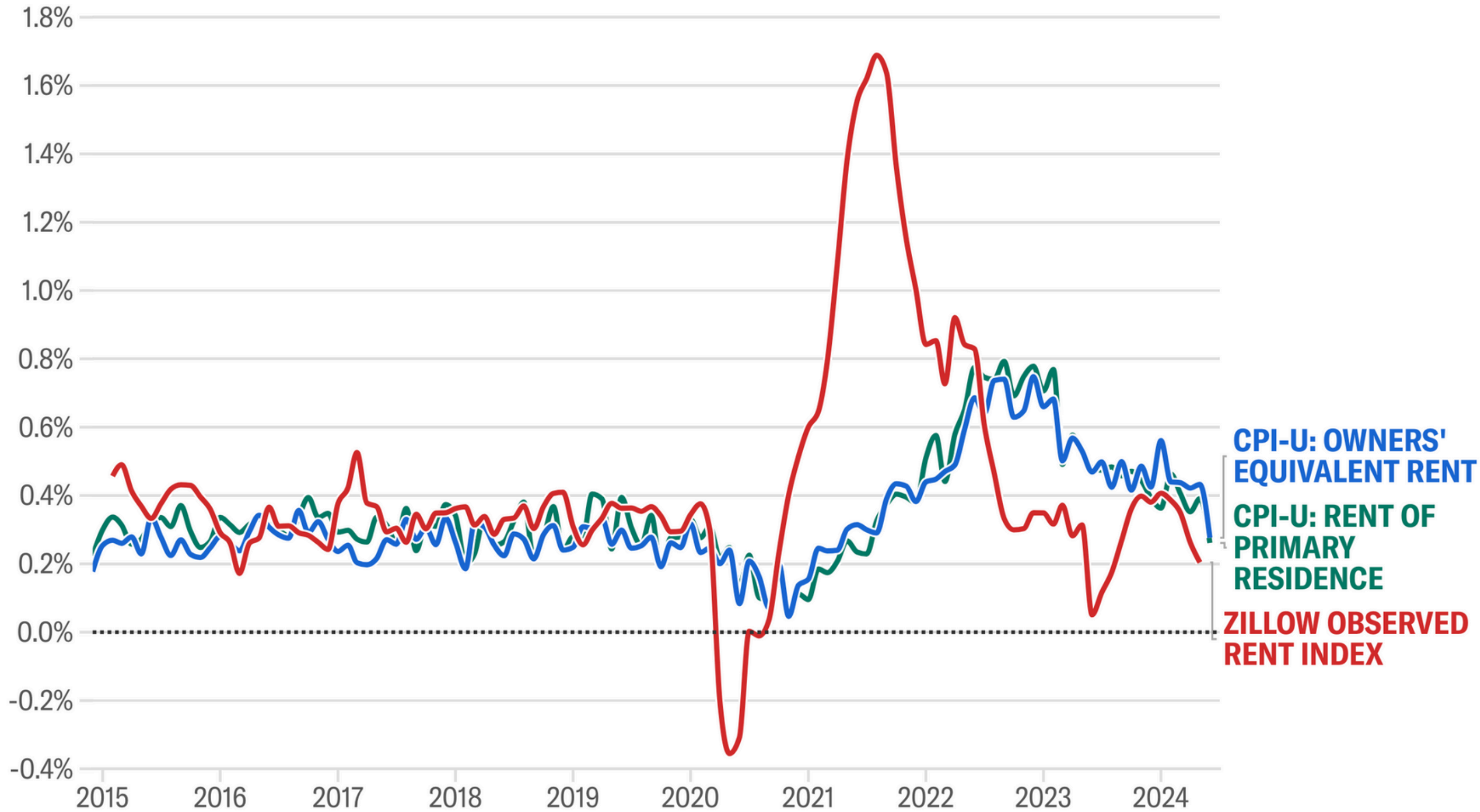
... We have moved down the steep post-pandemic Beveridge curve and back to the flatter pre-pandemic Beveridge curve. This means we may be approaching an inflection point at which further softening in labor demand results in a bigger and much less welcome increase in unemployment.”

**JAN HATZIUS**  
GOLDMAN SACHS



# RENT RETURNING TO PRE-PANDEMIC LEVELS

Monthly % change



*EXPERT COMMENTARY*

“The drop in primary rents and owners' equivalent rents in the June CPI data is a 'game changer' and should meaningfully boost Fed officials' confidence that inflation remains on a trajectory back to its 2% target.”

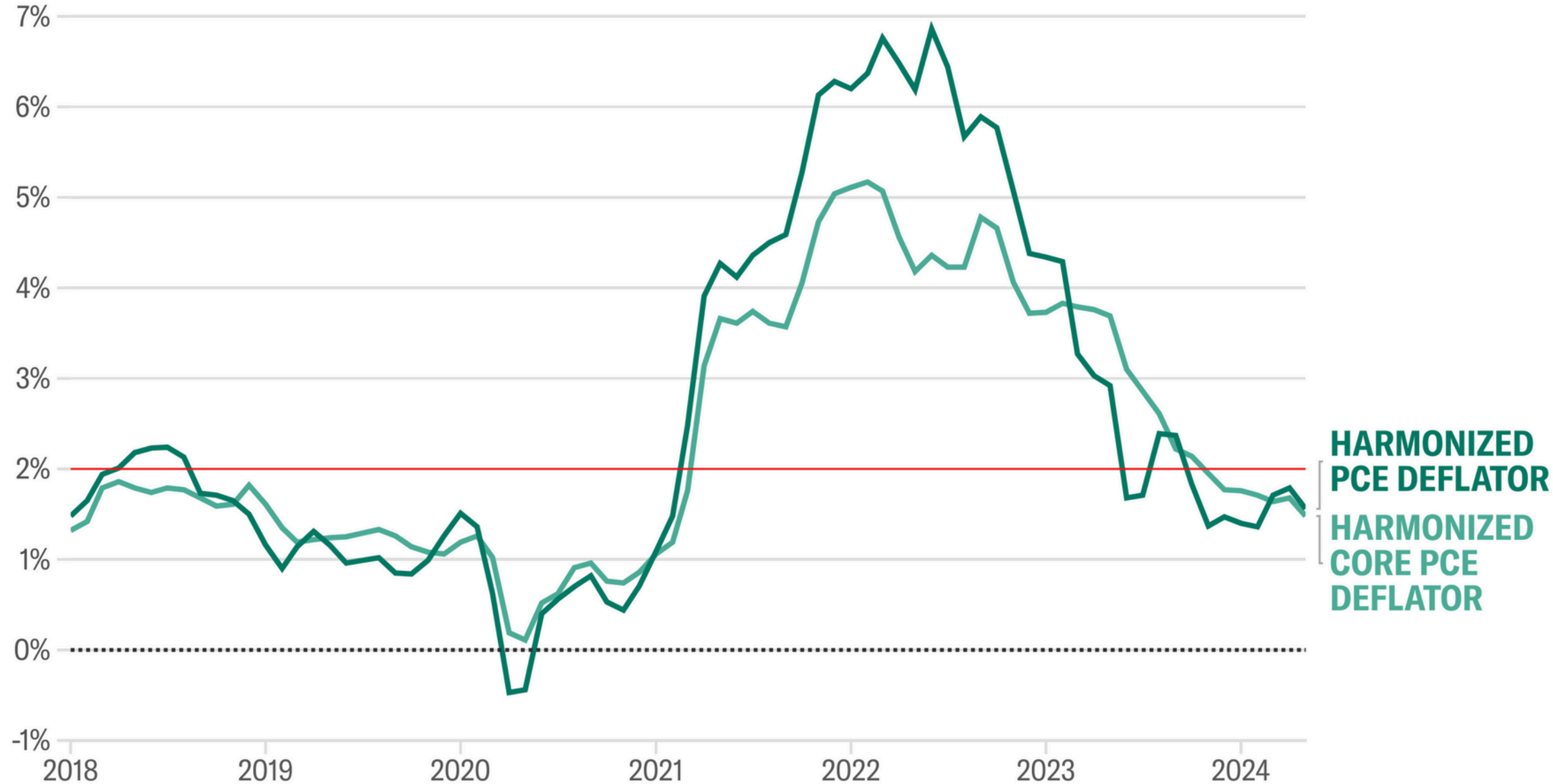
**BRETT RYAN**  
DEUTSCHE BANK

SOURCE: BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS; ZILLOW; DEUTSCHE BANK VIA BRETT RYAN

# 'HARMONIZED' INFLATION BELOW THE FED'S TARGET

Change in the price of goods and services paid by households over time, excluding the implicit cost of homeownership

YOY % CHANGE



EXPERT COMMENTARY

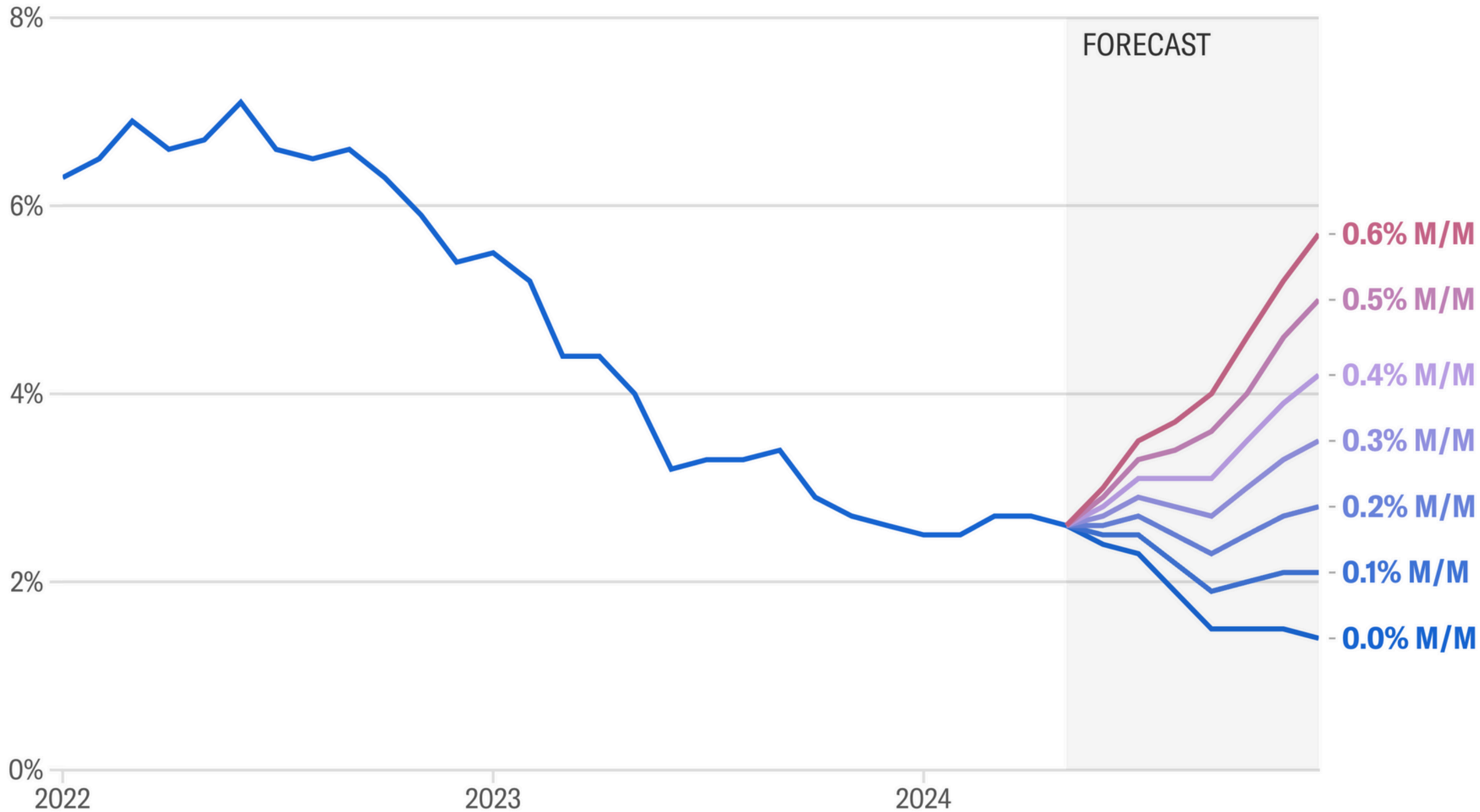
“Inflation, as measured by the harmonized consumer expenditure deflator, is firmly below the Federal Reserve's 2% target...

... Fed officials should call out harmonized inflation as critical to watch. By so doing, it will make it easier for the Fed to make the case that inflation is where it needs to be for them to do the right thing and lower interest rates.”

**MARK ZANDI**  
MOODY'S

# INFLATION DATA FACES TOUGH COMPARISONS

Year-over-year PCE inflation by month-over-month PCE inflation outcome



## THE CASE FOR CUTTING RATES

*EXPERT COMMENTARY*

“While softer consumer spending growth ... will continue to provide a healthy disinflationary impulse, it's not until September that inflation readings will fall below that uncomfortable plateau [of around 2.6%-2.7%].

We foresee headline and core PCE inflation ending the year around 2.5% [year over year].”

**GREGORY DACO**  
EY

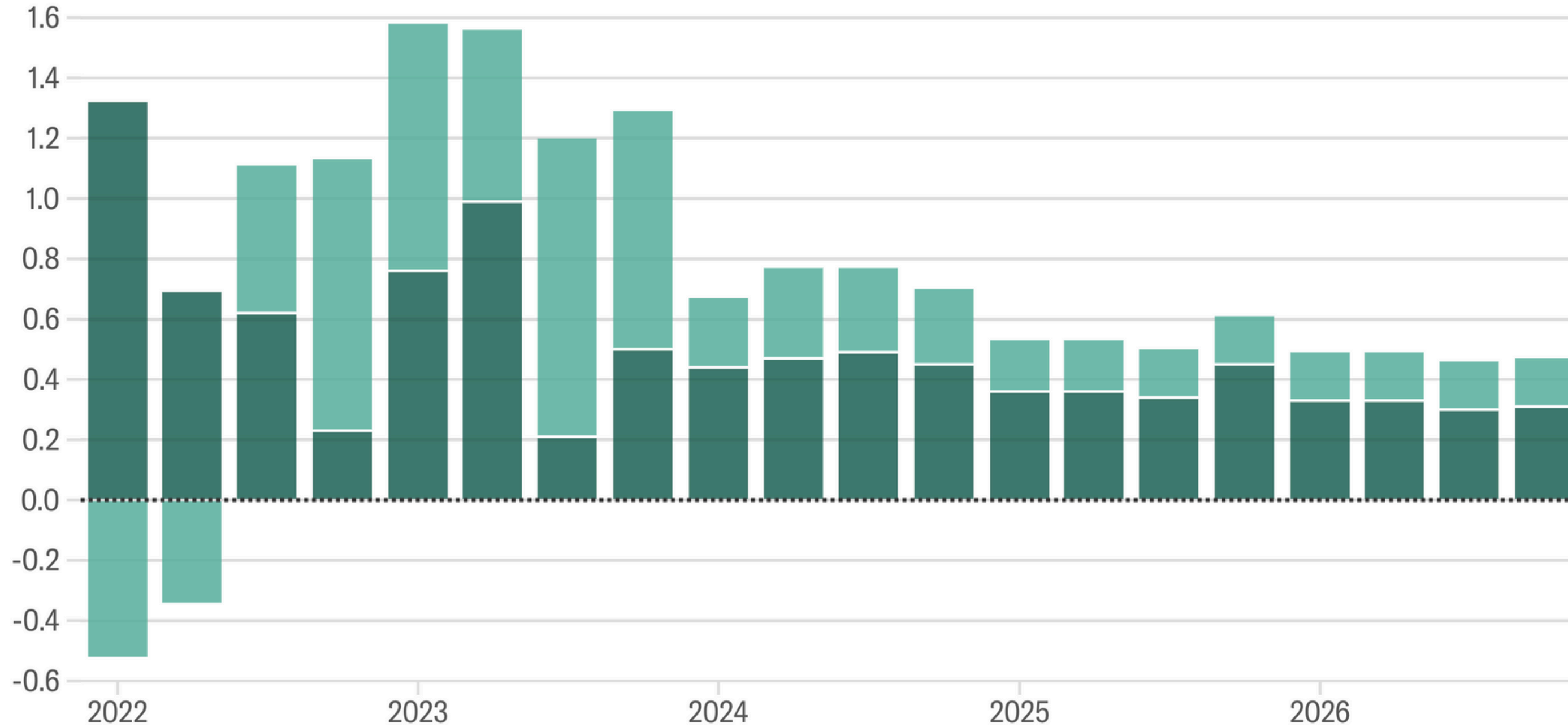


# FISCAL SPENDING MAY HELP SLOW INFLATION

Contribution to real GDP growth, by percentage points

● NONRESIDENTIAL INVESTMENT ● GOVERNMENT

## PERCENTAGE POINT CONTRIBUTION



### EXPERT COMMENTARY

“The contribution from fiscal [policy] to the growth rate of the US economy should moderate over time ... And, to a lesser degree, business spending should follow the same path.

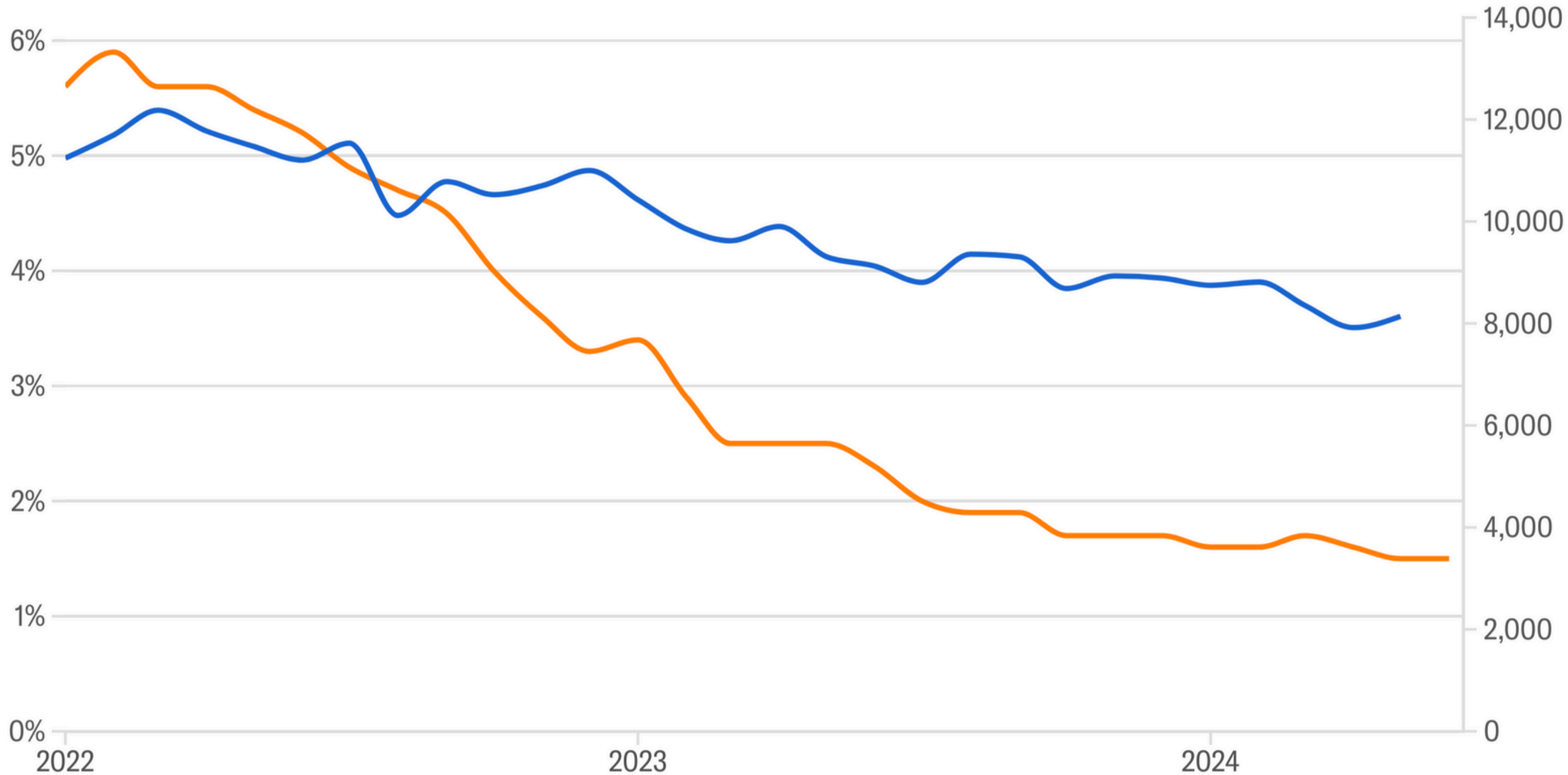
This is part of the reason we assume growth moderates and inflation decelerates.”

**MICHAEL GAPEN**  
BANK OF AMERICA  
SECURITIES

# LABOR DATA SUPPORTS SEPTEMBER CUT

Payrolls and job openings

● TOTAL NONFARM JOB OPENINGS ● EMPLOYEES YOY % CHANGE



## EXPERT COMMENTARY

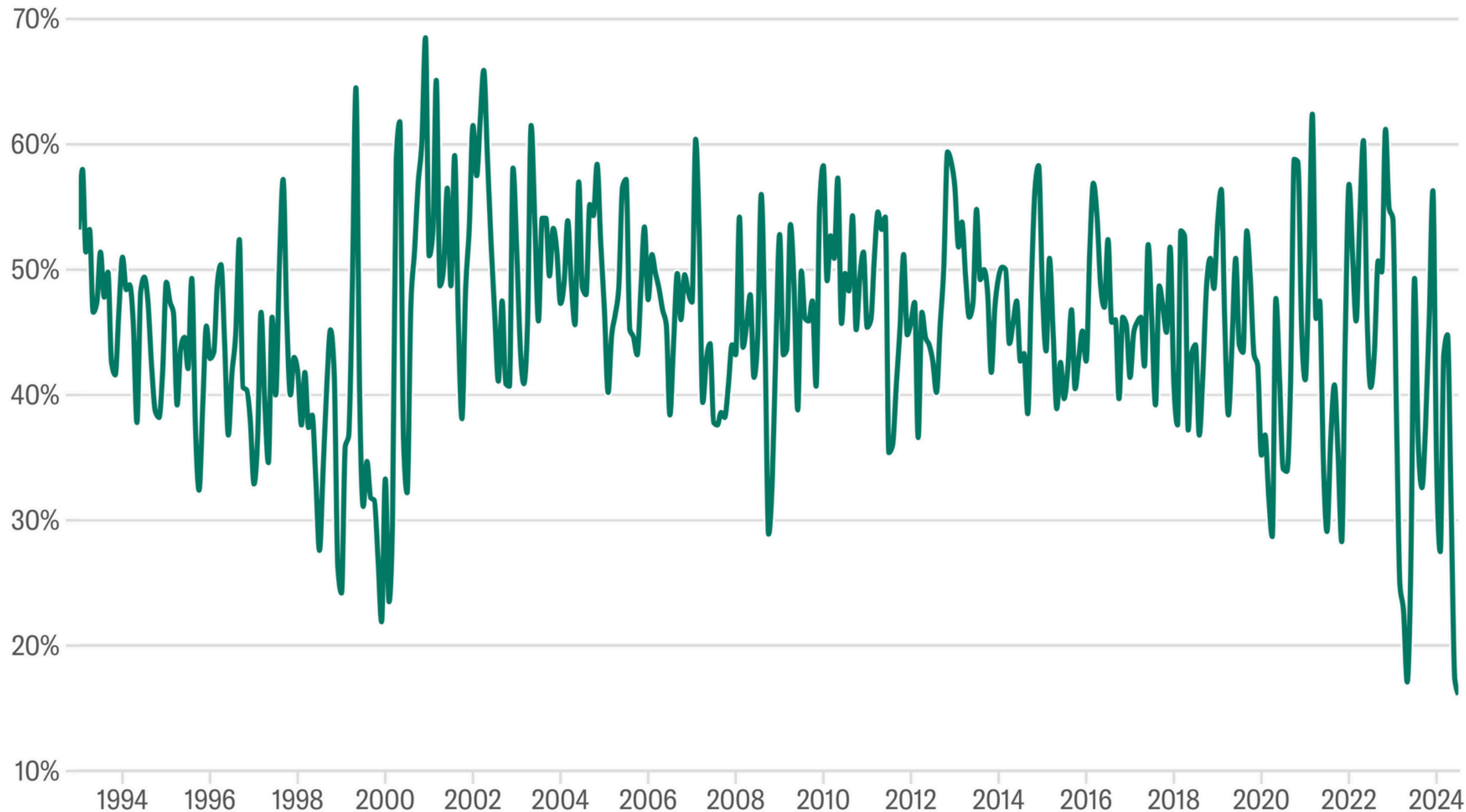
“The Fed, Powell, and others have cited these series as benchmarks for easier labor market conditions.

These two series support the argument the Fed will ease in September.”

**JOHN SILVIA**  
DYNAMIC ECONOMIC STRATEGY

# STOCKS OUTPERFORMING S&P 500 AT HISTORIC LOW

% of S&P 500 members outperforming the index (trailing two months)



SOURCE: BLOOMBERG; CHARLES SCHWAB VIA LIZ ANN SONDEERS • DATA AS OF 7/12/2024

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**THE STATE OF  
THE BULL MARKET**

*EXPERT  
COMMENTARY*

“During the past year, a historically low percentage of the S&P 500 has outperformed the index itself, while churn/rotations/weakness under the surface remains acute.

The better-than-expected [June] CPI report unleashed some rotation into smaller cap stocks, and we think there will be continued bouts of that rotation.”

**LIZ ANN SONDEERS**  
CHARLES SCHWAB

**GO TO ARTICLE  
FOR FULL COMMENTARY**



# INVESTORS SKEPTICAL ABOUT SOME AI GROWTH

Indexed return of AI stocks vs. equal-weight S&P 500



## EXPERT COMMENTARY

“Investors have expressed confidence in the trajectory of AI [infrastructure] investment...

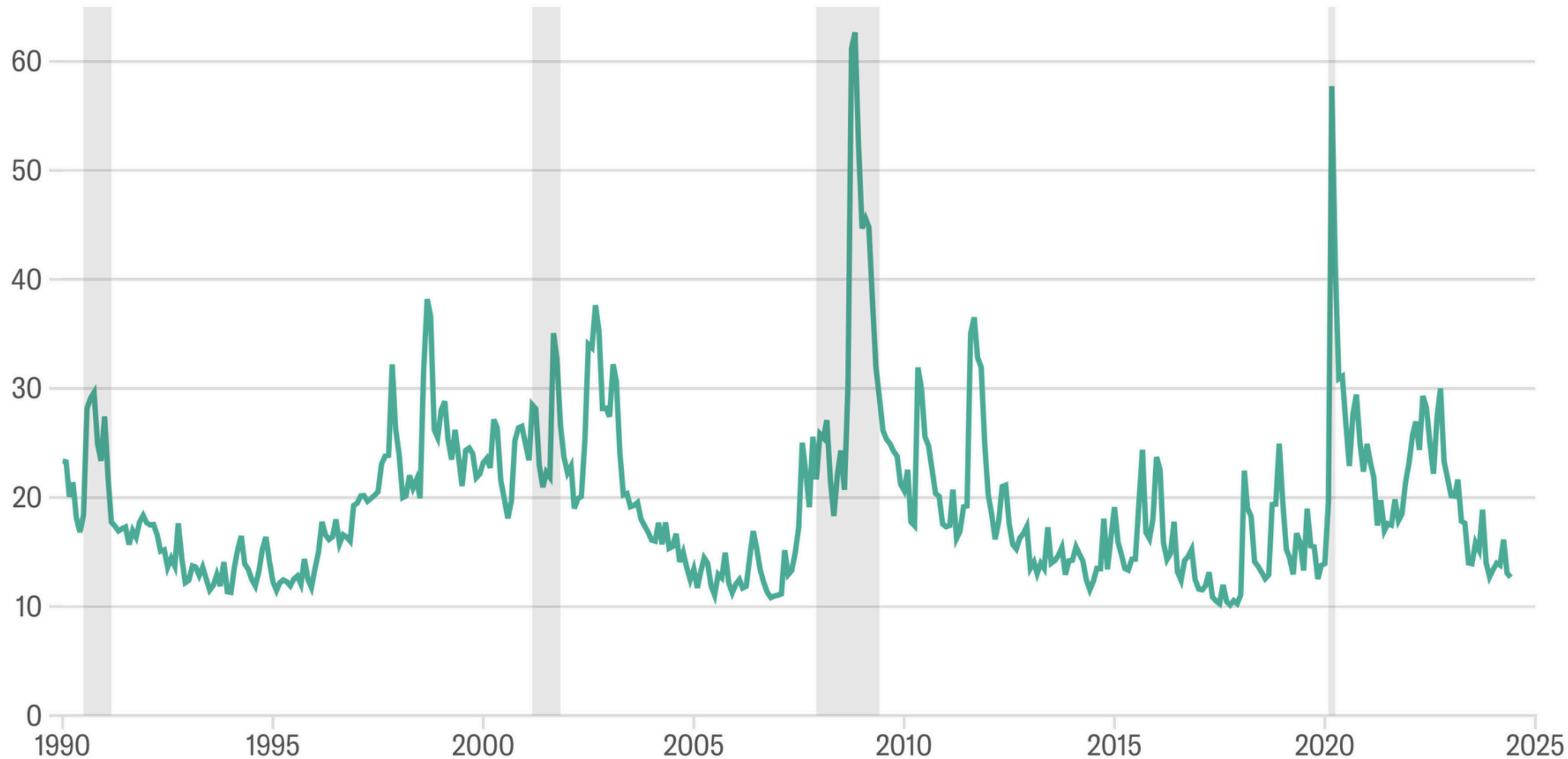
However, the flat performance of the other groups signals that investors remain skeptical about the longer-term impacts of AI adoption.”

**DAVID KOSTIN**  
GOLDMACH SACHS

# LOW VOLATILITY IS NORMAL IN BULL MARKETS

CBOE volatility index

INDEX



SOURCE: CHICAGO BOARD OPTIONS EXCHANGE; DATATREK RESEARCH VIA NICHOLAS COLAS • SHADED AREAS INDICATE U.S. RECESSIONS

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## THE STATE OF THE BULL MARKET

*EXPERT COMMENTARY*

“Low expected volatility, as measured by the CBOE VIX Index, is a common feature of bull markets. ...

Many market observers are worried the VIX is too low, signaling unhealthy complacency.

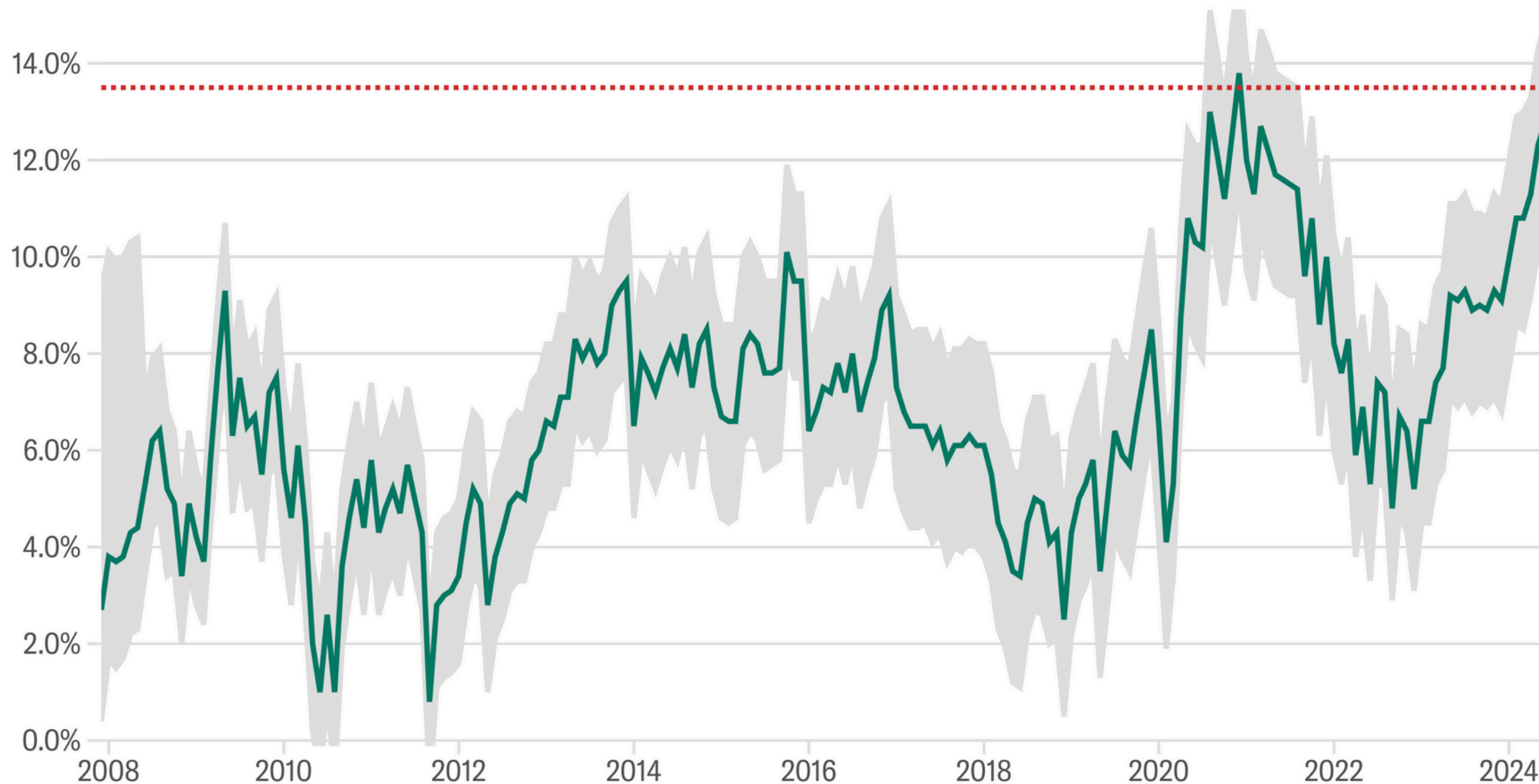
We disagree, and the history of Wall Street's 'Fear Index' supports our view.”

**NICHOLAS COLAS**  
DATATREK RESEARCH

# GROWTH EXPECTATIONS NEAR CYCLE HIGHS

S&P 500 market-implied 5-year free cash flow growth

● S&P 500 IMPLIED FREE CASH FLOW COMPOUND ANNUAL GROWTH RATE ● LAST READING



## THE STATE OF THE BULL MARKET

### EXPERT COMMENTARY

“This chart is our way of measuring how much growth markets are pricing into current index levels. Right now, we are near post-pandemic highs.

This means market expectations are high for fundamentals. Basically, you need strong earnings results and follow-through in guidance to support the market or push it higher ...”

**SCOTT CHRONERT**  
CITI RESEARCH

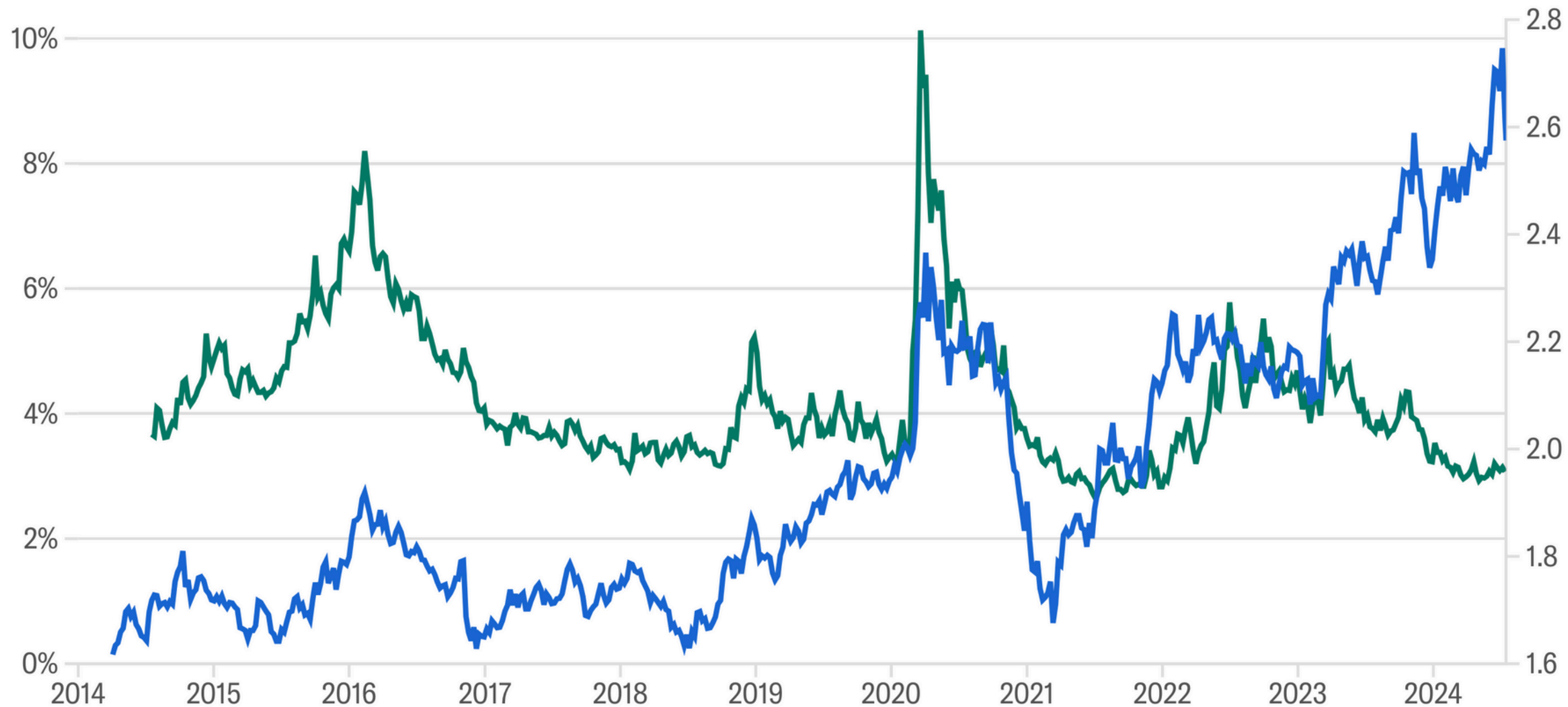


# LARGE-CAP RALLY 'CONFLICTS WITH SOUND ECONOMIC THEORY'

High-yield credit spread and relative performance of S&P 500 to Russell 2000

HIGH-YIELD CREDIT SPREAD

S&P TO RUSSELL RATIO



EXPERT COMMENTARY

“Historically, large-cap stocks (higher quality) tend to outperform smaller-cap stocks (lower quality) when high-yield credit spreads are widening.

However, the relationship has reversed since the end of 2022. Large-cap stocks have outperformed smaller stocks despite credit spreads narrowing.

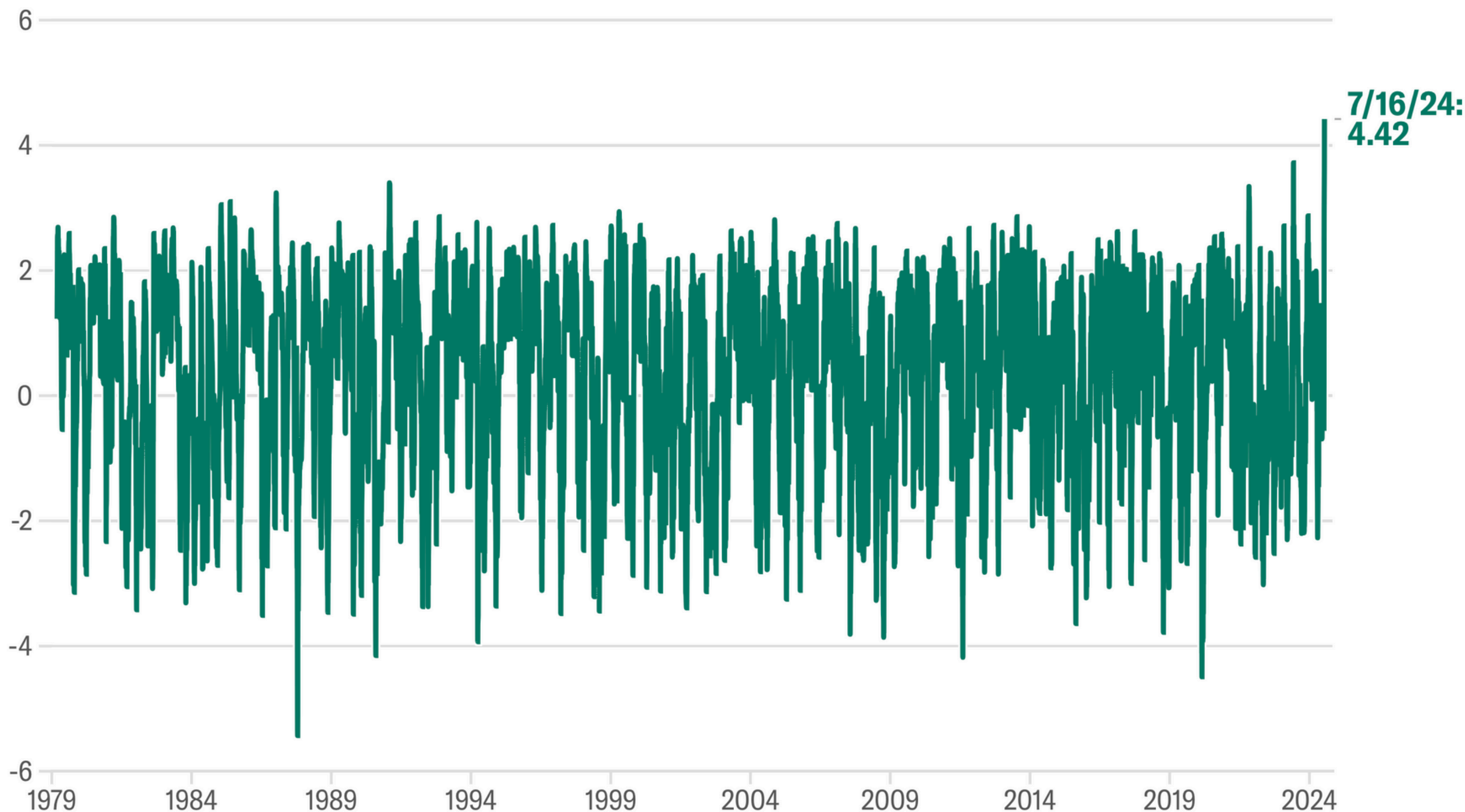
This is quite rare ...”

**RICHARD BERNSTEIN**  
RICHARD BERNSTEIN  
ADVISORS

SOURCE: RICHARD BERNSTEIN ADVISORS VIA RICHARD BERNSTEIN

# SMALL CAPS ARE 'SUSCEPTIBLE TO LARGE SWINGS'

Russell 2000 historical daily overbought/oversold readings



SOURCE: BESPOKE VIA PAUL HICKEY

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## THE STATE OF THE BULL MARKET

*EXPERT COMMENTARY*

“On July 16, the Russell 2000 closed 4.42 standard deviations above its 50-day moving average. ... For major US Indices (S&P 500, DJIA, Nasdaq, and Russell 2000), it is the most overbought reading in history!”

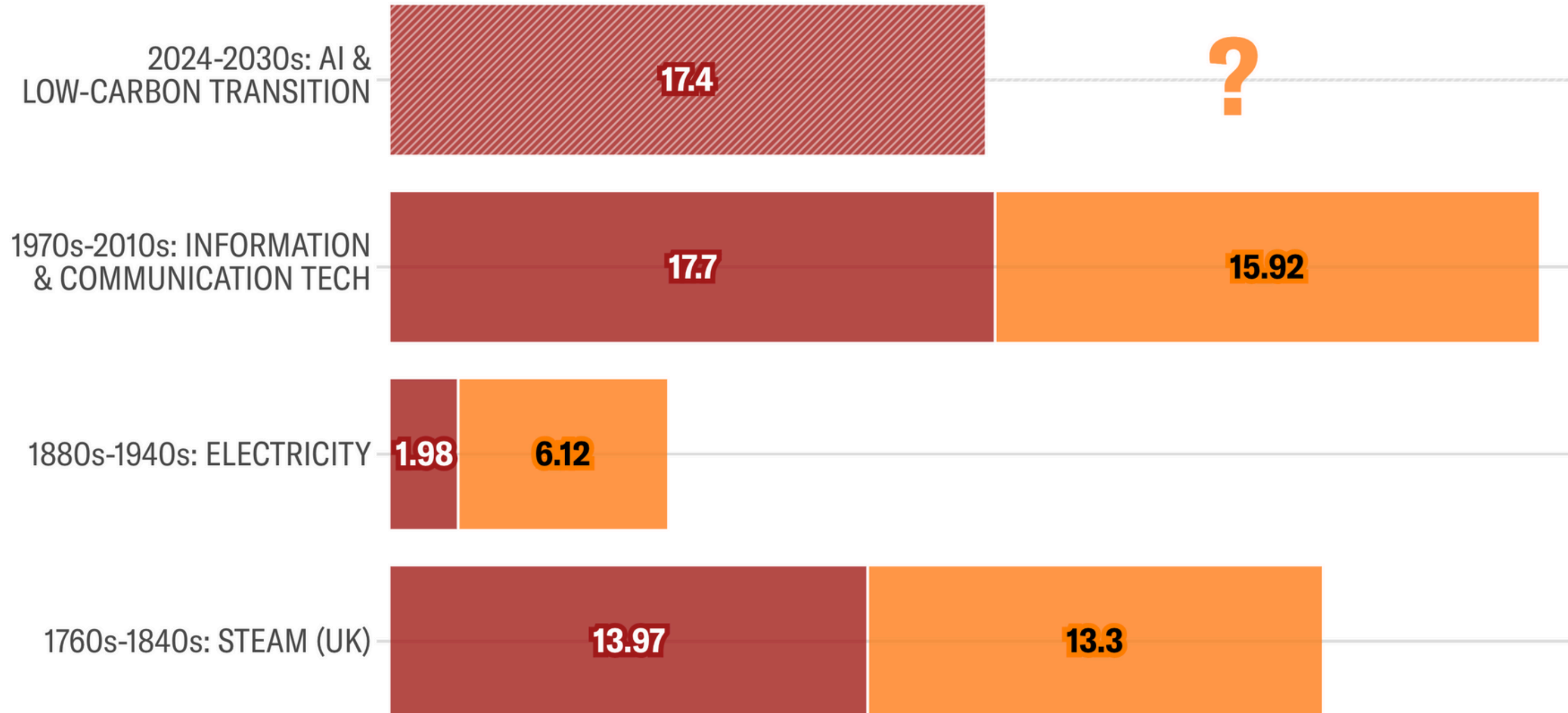
The size of the Russell makes it susceptible to large swings, and the last several days are a perfect example.”

**PAUL HICKEY**  
BESPOKE INVESTMENT GROUP

# PRODUCTIVITY BOOM TO FOLLOW AI SPENDING?

Total cumulative contributions to GDP, in percentage points

● CAPITAL SPENDING ● TOTAL FACTOR PRODUCTIVITY



## THE STATE OF THE BULL MARKET

EXPERT COMMENTARY

“AI and the low-carbon transition could spur historically large capital spending — and in a much shorter space of time than previous technological revolutions.

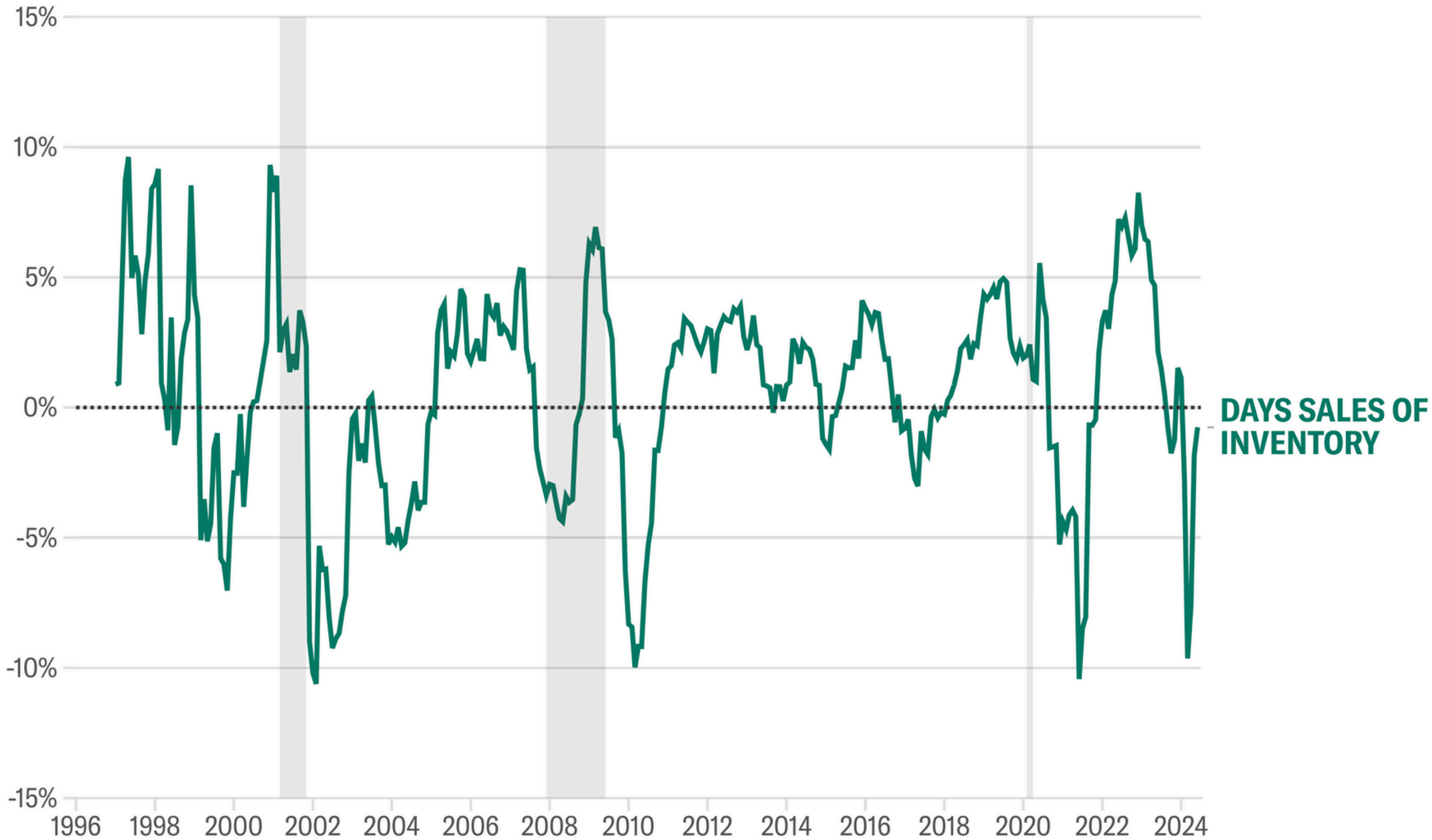
We see a possible investment boom ahead that could transform economies and markets. But the speed, scale, and impact of that investment is unclear.”

**JEAN BOIVIN**  
BLACKROCK INVESTMENT INSTITUTE



# END OF DE-STOCKING CYCLE BULLISH FOR STOCKS

## THE STATE OF THE BULL MARKET



### EXPERT COMMENTARY

“The de-stocking cycle over the past 18-24 months has been one of the sharpest in history ...

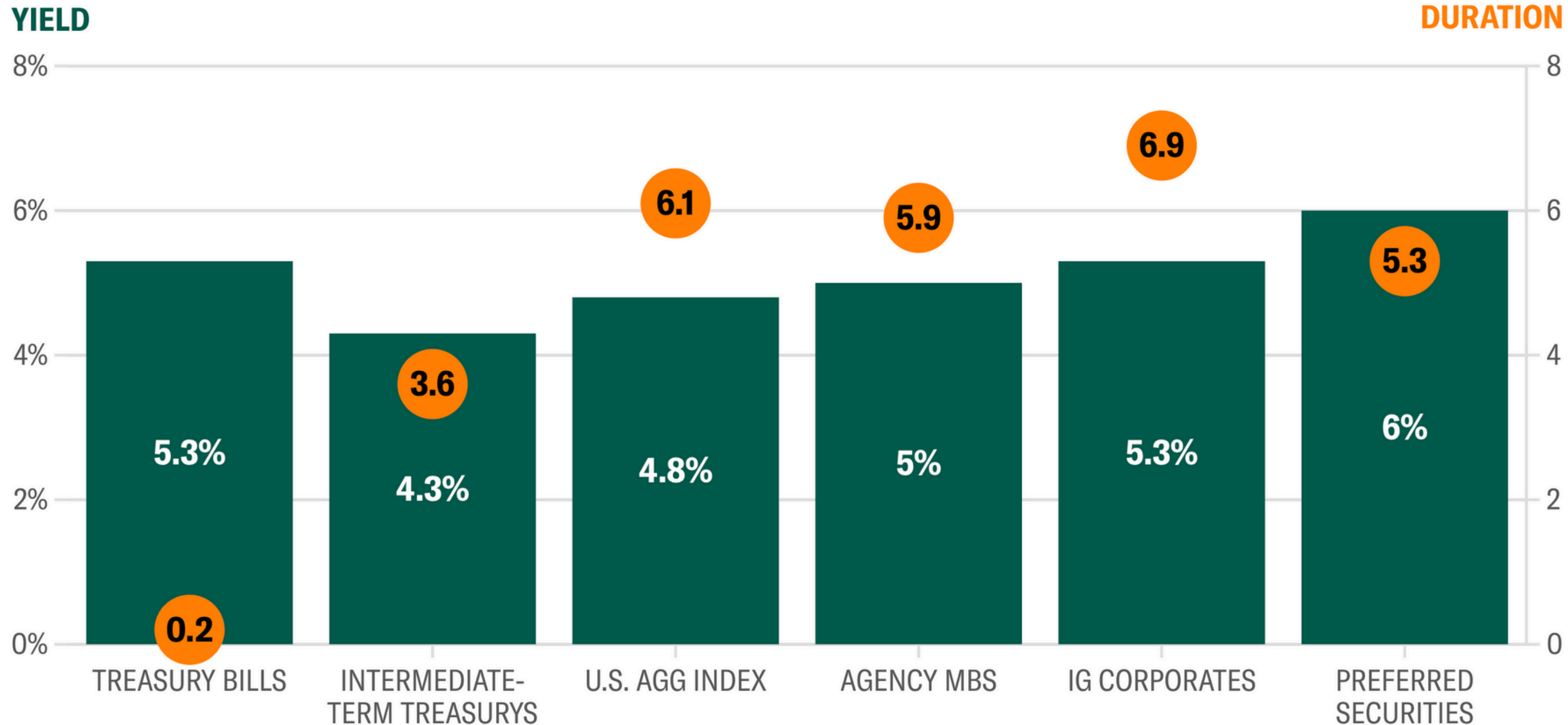
But the sharp inventory contraction started to moderate for the third straight month in June, suggesting that the de-stocking cycle is likely coming to an end.”

**OHSUNG KWON**  
BANK OF AMERICA  
SECURITIES

SOURCE: BANK OF AMERICA SECURITIES VIA OHSUNG KWON • SHADED AREAS INDICATE RECESSIONS

# OTHER INSTITUTIONAL INVESTMENTS ARE OFFERING HIGHER YIELDS THAN TREASURY BILLS

● AVERAGE YIELD TO WORST ● AVERAGE DURATION (YEARS)



EXPERT COMMENTARY

“We have been encouraging investors to look beyond the Treasury market for yield.

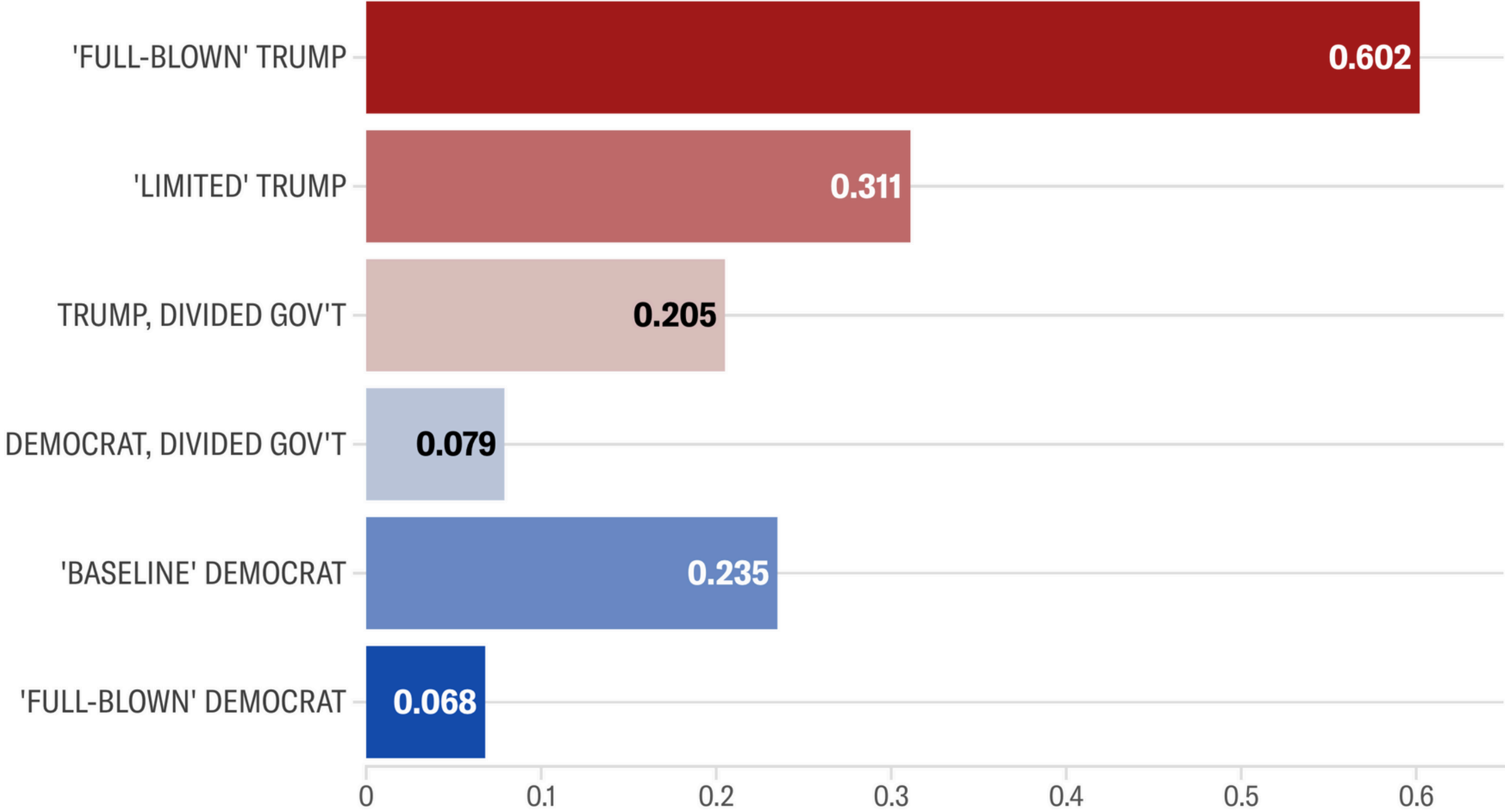
Currently, there are opportunities to build a portfolio of yields 5% or more over the next 5 to 10 years without taking significant credit risk.”

**KATHY JONES**  
SCHWAB CENTER FOR FINANCIAL RESEARCH

SOURCE: BLOOMBERG; SCHWAB CENTER FOR FINANCIAL RESEARCH VIA KATHY JONES

# PROJECTED INFLATION ACROSS ELECTION SCENARIOS

Change in core PCE percentage points from current law scenario



SOURCE: OXFORD ECONOMICS VIA BERNARD YAROS

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A PENDING US PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION

EXPERT COMMENTARY

“No matter the result on Election Day, policymaking during the next presidential term will add to inflation...

The inflationary impact is greatest in a 'full-blown Trump' scenario where a Republican trifecta doubles down on tax cuts, higher defense spending, and tariffs.”

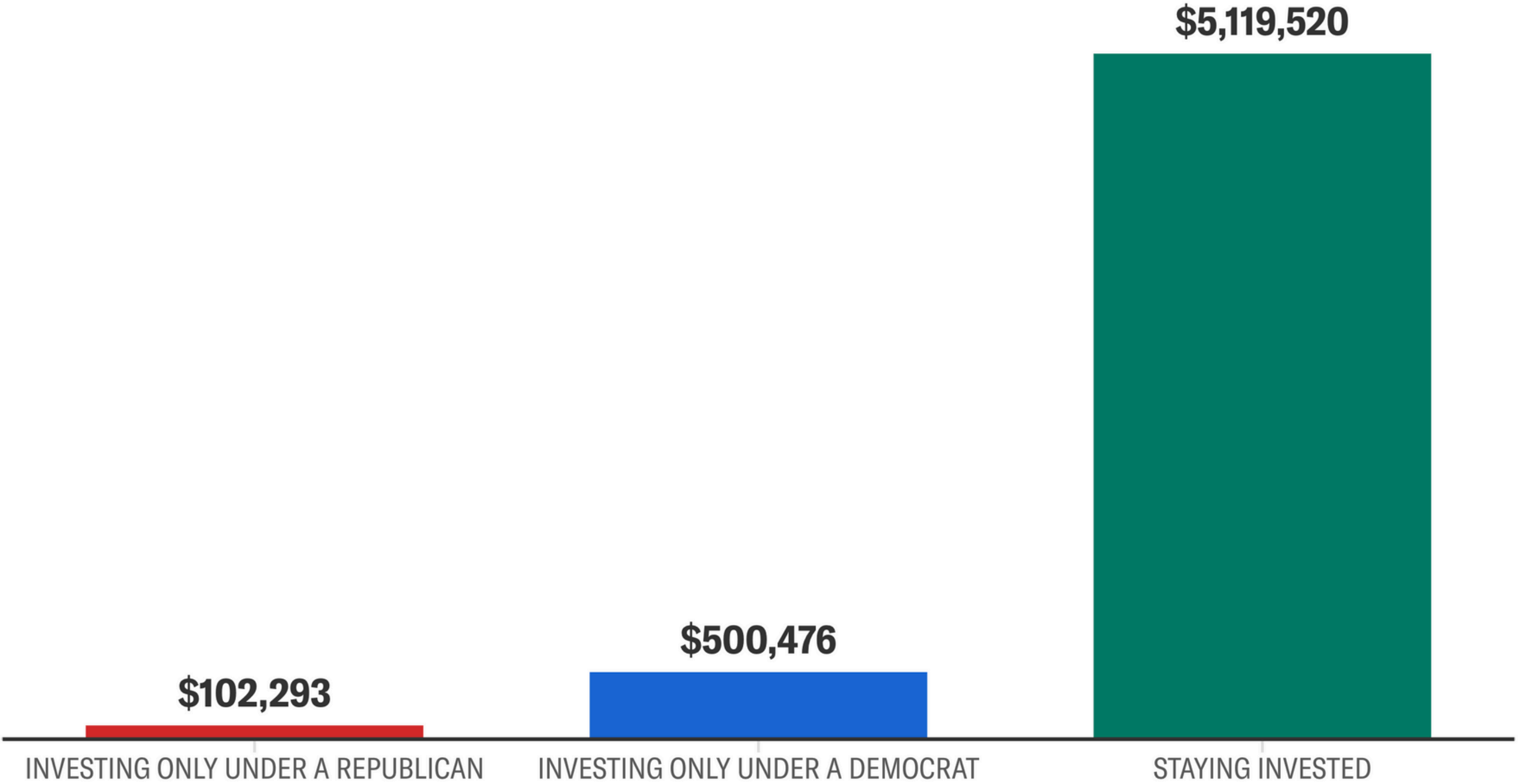
**BERNARD YAROS**  
OXFORD ECONOMICS

**GO TO ARTICLE FOR FULL COMMENTARY**



# STAY INVESTED NO MATTER THE POTUS

Growth of \$10,000: 1961 to 2023



SOURCE: SCHWAB CENTER FOR FINANCIAL RESEARCH; MORNINGSTAR; TKER VIA SAM RO



EXPERT COMMENTARY

“If you started with \$10,000 in 1961 and invested in the S&P 500 only when there was a Republican in the White House, your investment would've grown to \$102,000 in 2023.

If you did the same but with a Democrat in the White House, that investment would've grown to \$500,000.

But none of that compares with the \$5.1 million you would've had if you had stayed invested the whole time, regardless of who was president.”

**SAM RO**  
TKER

# TREASURY POLICY LEANS ON YIELDS

10-year term premium (ACM method)



SOURCE: FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK; UBS VIA JONATHAN PINGLE

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**A PENDING US  
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION**

*EXPERT  
COMMENTARY*

“The rising debt issuance appeared to pressure yields higher. Then, in November, the Treasury Department announced shifting issuance to short-term bills, weighing on longer-term bond yields.

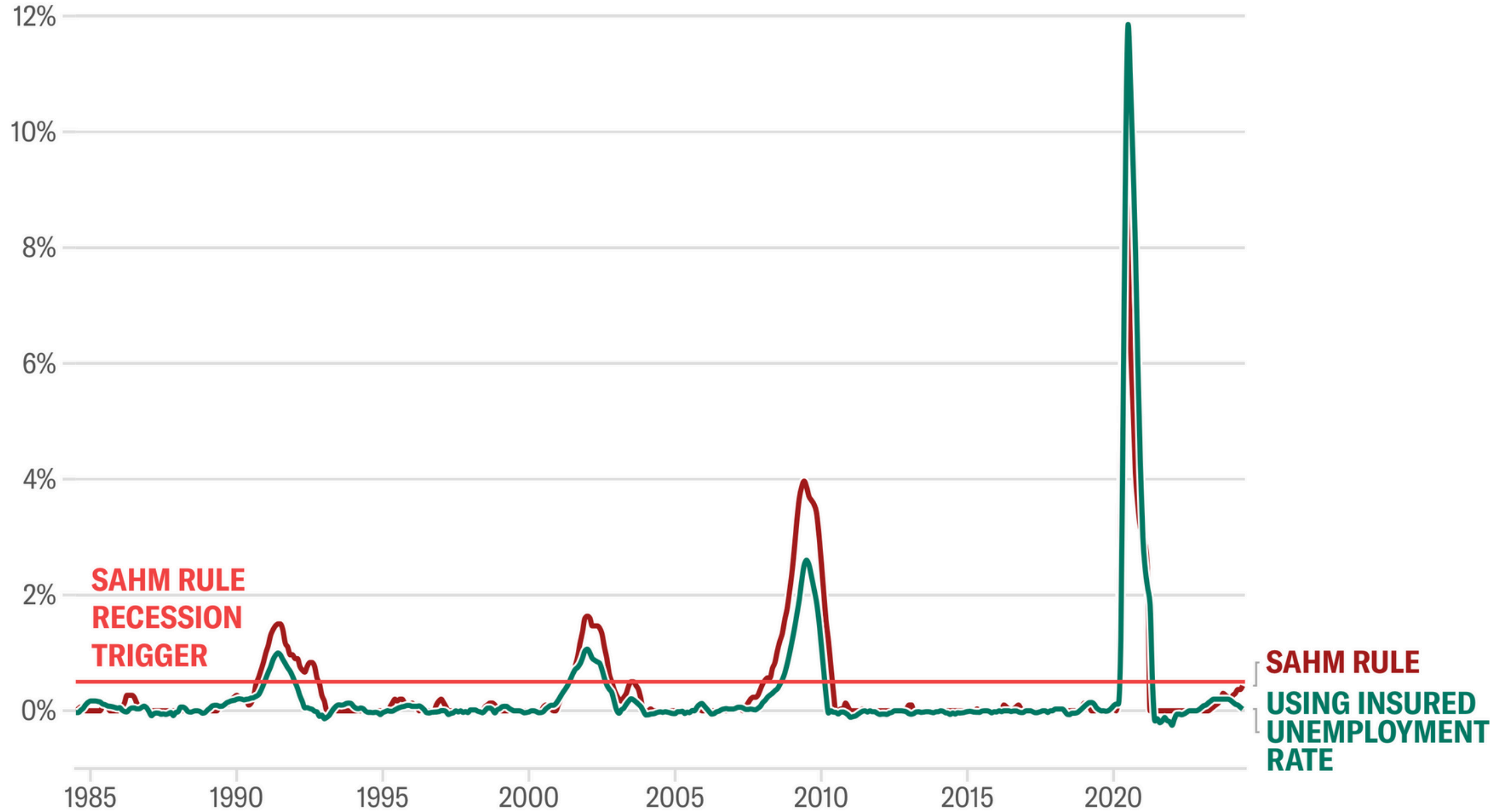
This could have implications for the coming expiration of the 2017 tax cuts and impact on markets of sustaining large deficits over time.”

**JONATHAN PINGLE**  
UBS INVESTMENT BANK

**BACK  
TO TOP** ↑

# THE LABOR MARKET ISN'T 'CRACKING'

Yardeni Research recession indicator



EXPERT COMMENTARY

“We think the labor market is normalizing from the pandemic shock and do not see a recession materializing on the horizon.

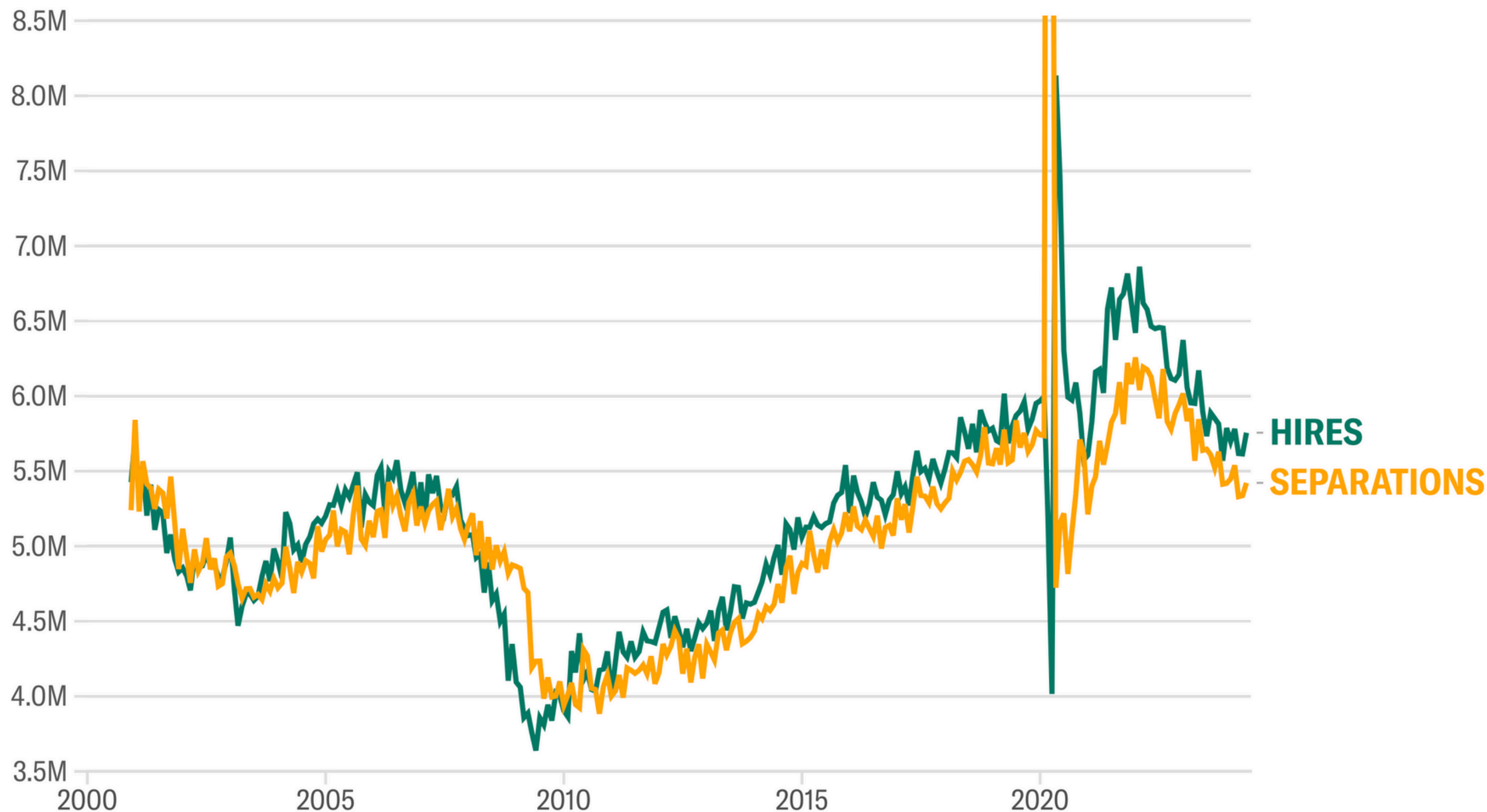
While the Sahm Rule approaches its recession trigger ... we believe the flood of illegal immigration and the growing labor force are behind the rise in unemployment.”

**ED YARDENI,  
ERIC WALLERSTEIN**  
YARDENI RESEARCH



# THE 'BIG STAY' COULD BOOST PRODUCTIVITY

U.S. labor turnover, monthly



SOURCE: BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS; NBER; JEFFERIES VIA THOMAS SIMONS

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THE HEALTH OF THE U.S. ECONOMY

EXPERT COMMENTARY

“Recent JOLTS data shows that turnover is slowing. The 'Great Resignation' has transitioned to 'The Big Stay.' ...

As productivity improves, businesses will have less pressure to pass on higher wage costs to customers through higher prices, allowing inflation to cool further.”

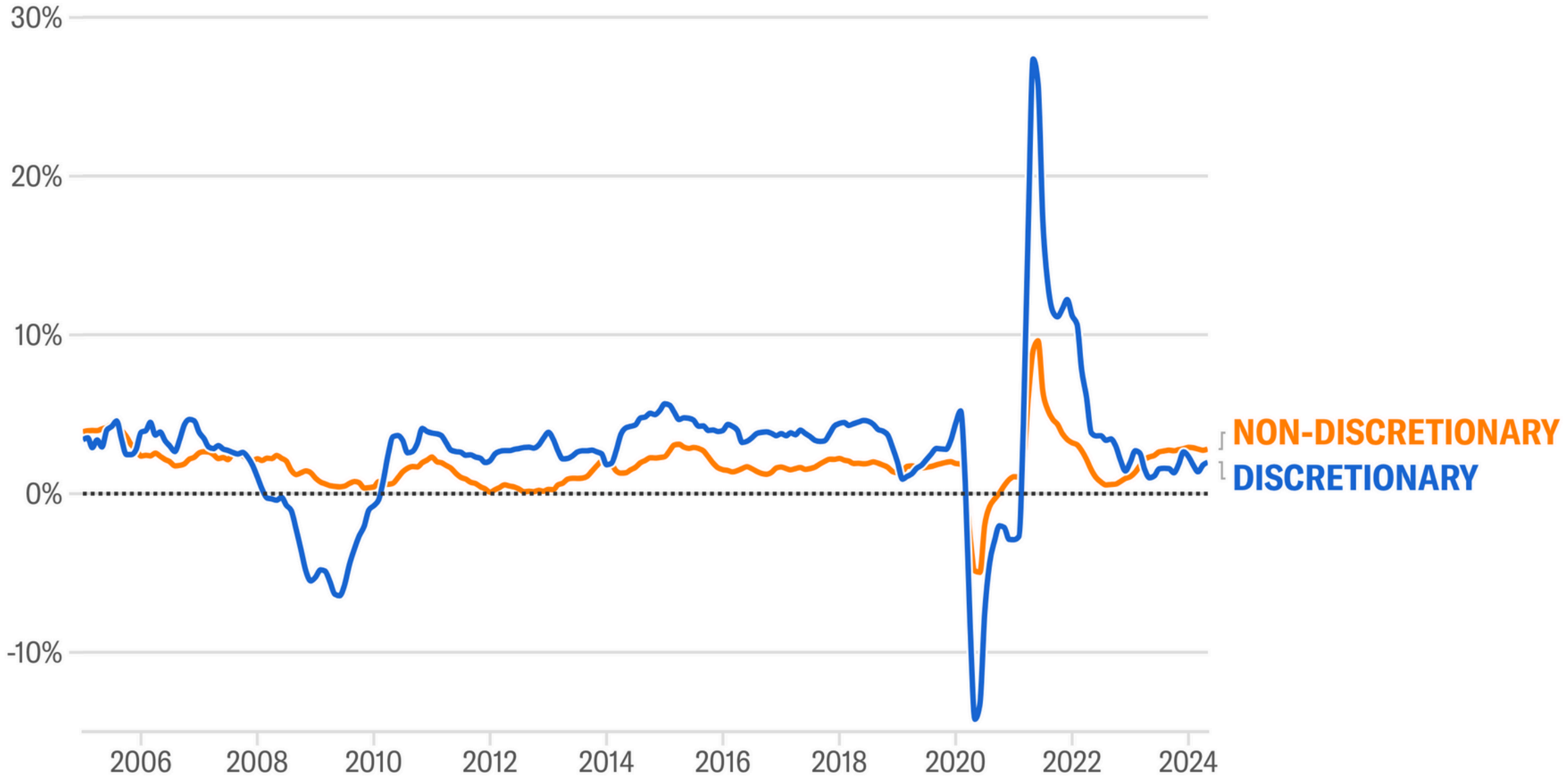
**THOMAS SIMONS**  
JEFFERIES

**GO TO ARTICLE**  
**FOR FULL COMMENTARY**

# CONSUMERS PULL BACK ON SPENDING

Consumer spending, year-over-year % change of 3-month moving average

YOY % CHANGE



## THE HEALTH OF THE U.S. ECONOMY

EXPERT COMMENTARY

“In more than 60 years, there has never been a recession without real discretionary spending falling on a year-over-year basis.

What about false positives? Turns out, they are rare. ...

Household spending habits these days reveal a more choosy consumer as purchasing power fades.”

**JAY BRYSON**  
WELLS FARGO ECONOMICS

SOURCE: U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE; WELLS FARGO ECONOMICS VIA JAY BRYSON



# DISPOSABLE INCOME OUTPACING INFLATION SINCE PANDEMIC

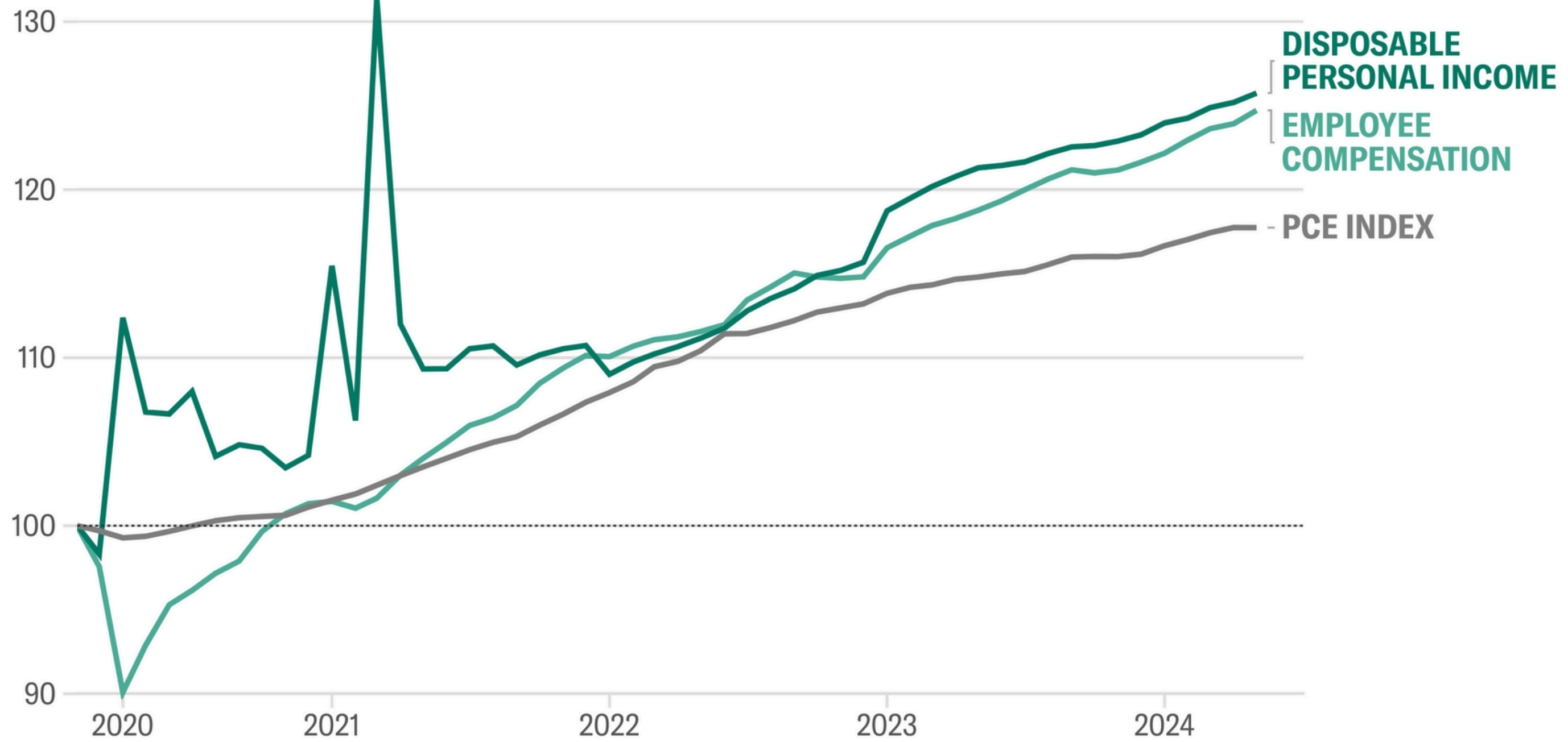
EXPERT COMMENTARY

“... It might surprise many that disposable incomes and employee compensation have increased more than overall inflation since the pandemic started. ...

The good news is we expect inflation to improve [in] the second half of this year, so consumers should remain in good shape as incomes and compensation remain healthy.”

**RYAN DETRICK**  
CARSON GROUP

INDEX (FEB. 2020 = 100)



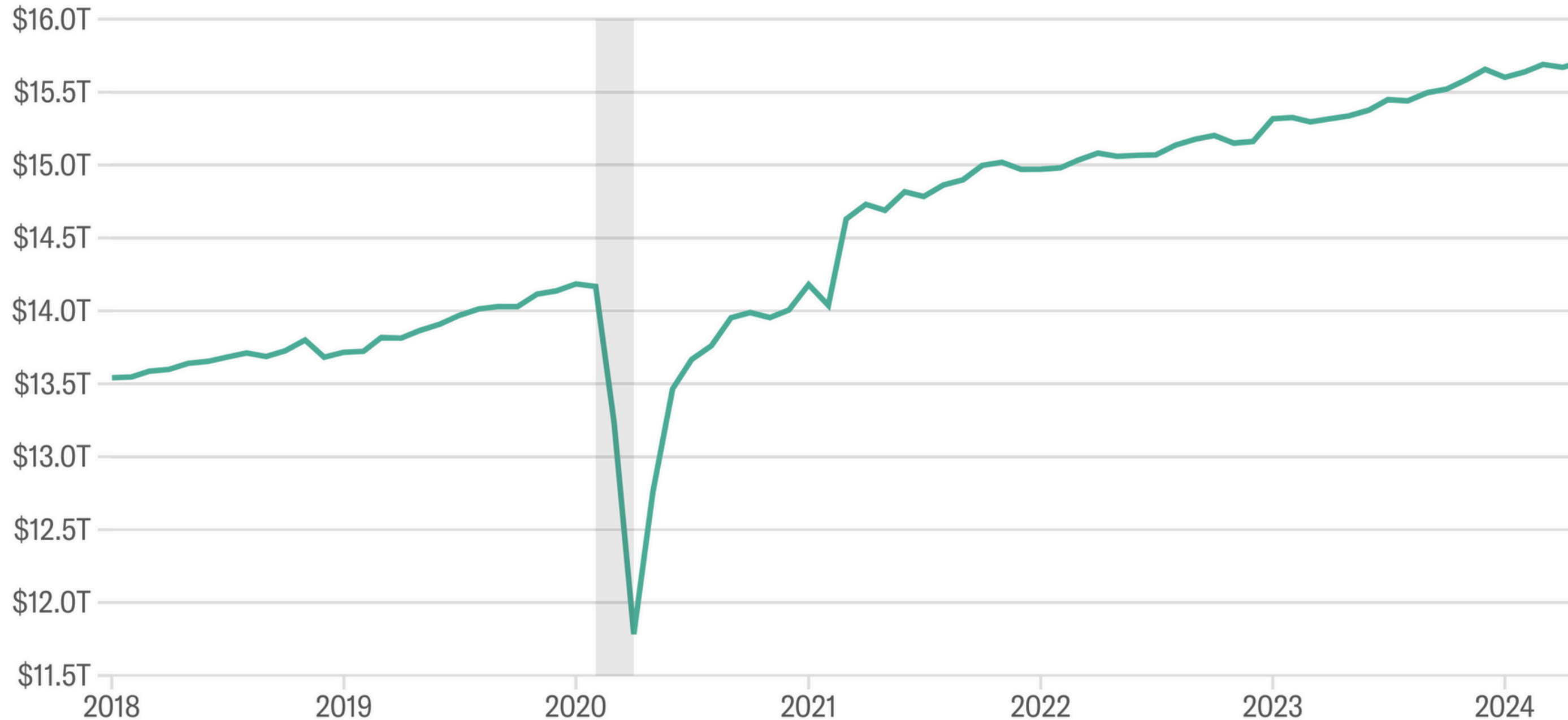
SOURCE: FRED; CARSON INVESTMENT RESEARCH VIA RYAN DETRICK



# CONSUMER SPENDING REMAINS KEY TO AVOIDING RECESSION

Real personal consumption expenditures

IN 2017 DOLLARS



SOURCE: BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS; SAHM CONSULTING VIA CLAUDIA SAHM • SHADED AREAS INDICATE U.S. RECESSIONS

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THE HEALTH OF THE U.S. ECONOMY

EXPERT COMMENTARY

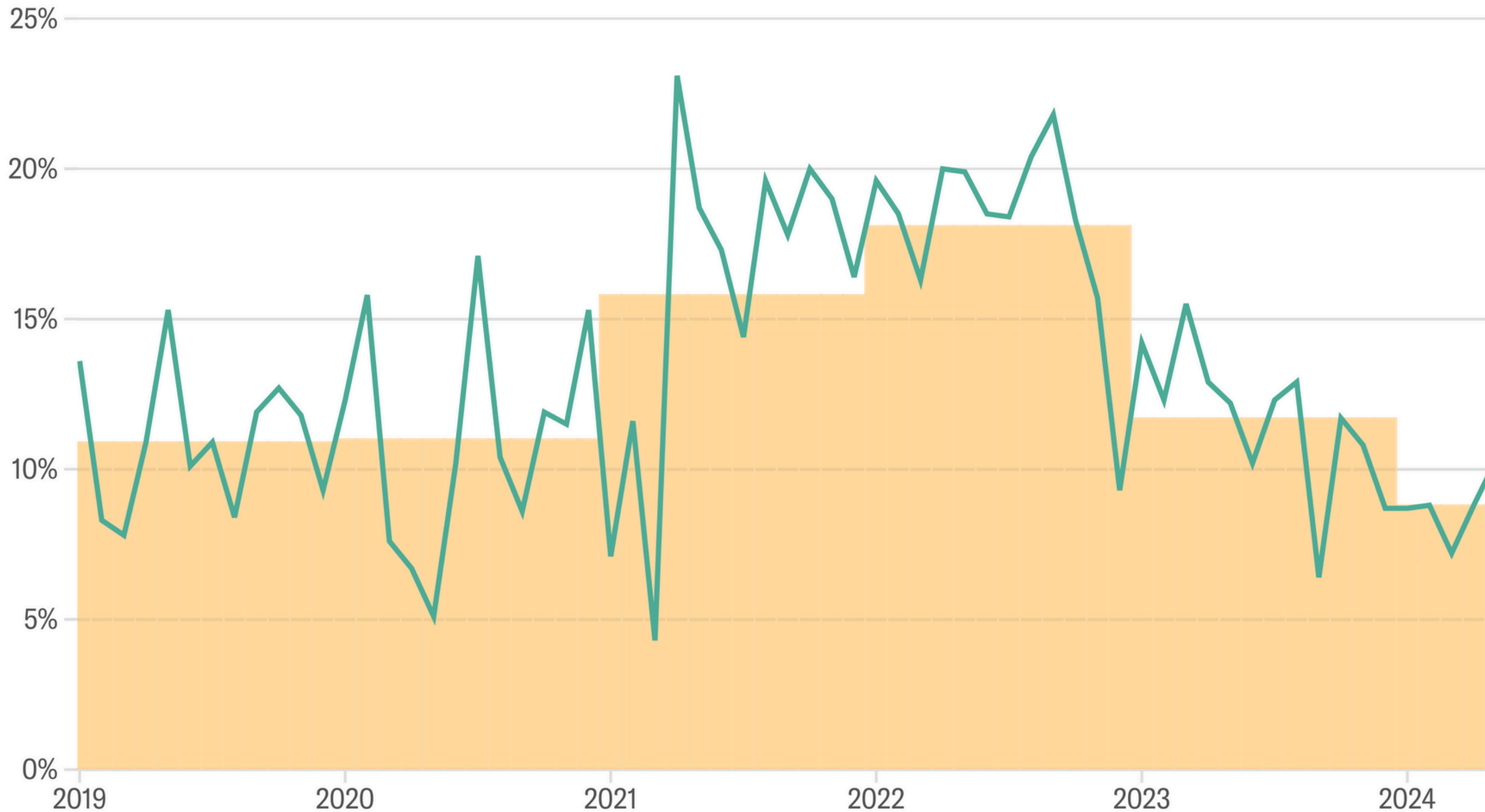
“Even after adjusting for higher prices, consumer spending has risen solidly in recent years and is near its pre-COVID trend. That's remarkable...

In the first half of 2024, the growth in real consumer spending slowed. ... So far, that appears to be nothing unusual, but as two-thirds of the US economy, consumers will be at the center of any watch over recession risks.”

**CLAUDIA SAHM**  
SAHM CONSULTING

# PAY BUMPS FOR JOB HOPPERS DECLINE

MEDIAN PAY CHANGE ANNUAL AVERAGE



EXPERT COMMENTARY

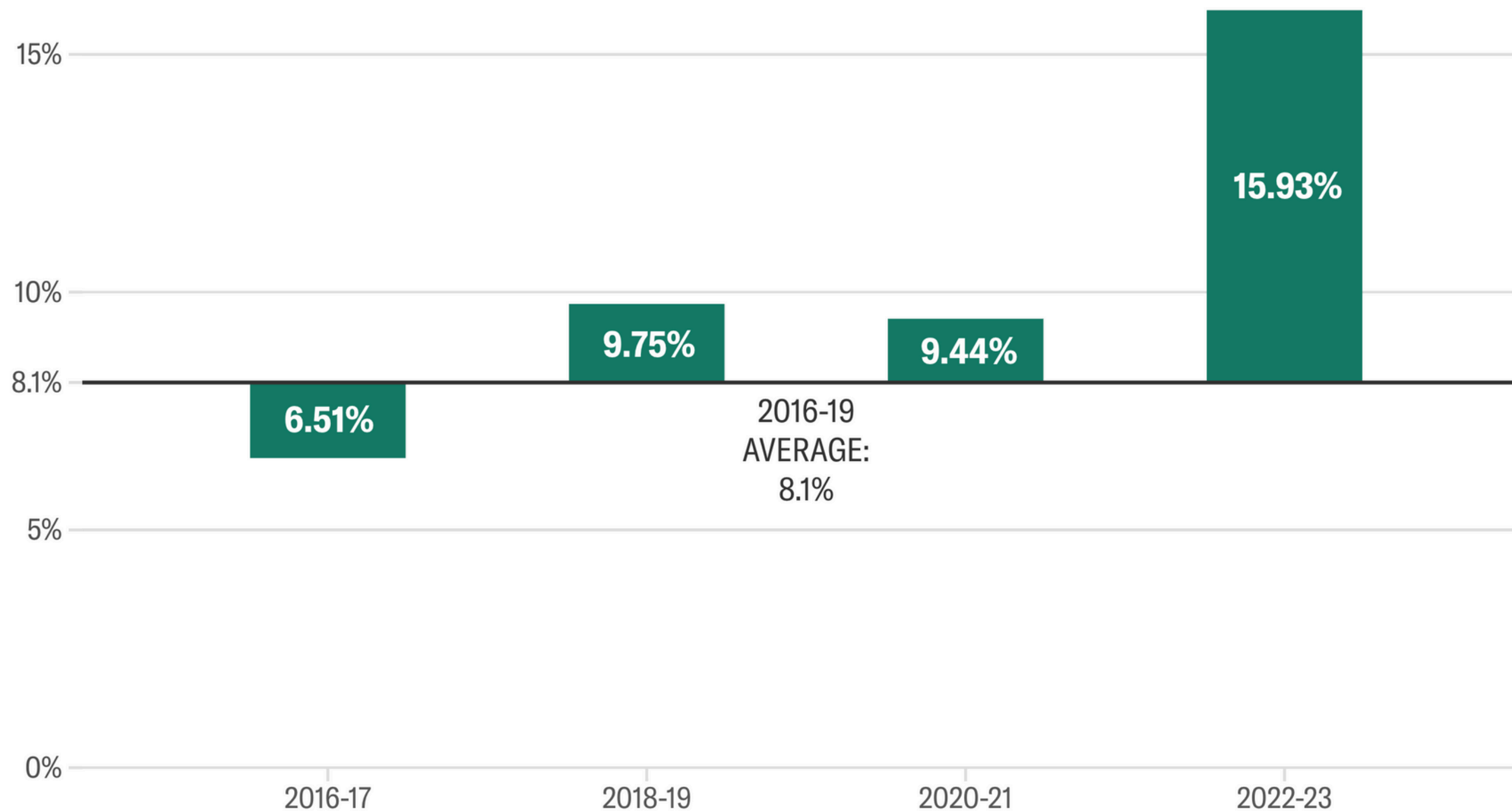
“Is changing jobs worth what it used to be?”

In addition to finding that the rate of workers changing jobs ... has declined relative to 2023, job hoppers are getting a smaller bump in pay from their new employers.”

**LIZ EVERETT KRISBERG**  
BANK OF AMERICA INSTITUTE

# REMOTE JOB SWITCHERS COME OUT AHEAD

Job switchers into long-distance work had bigger pay gains than those who started new positions locally.



## EXPERT COMMENTARY

“Thicker job markets ... allow people and employers to better match with each other...

When the pandemic normalized long-distance work, the result was an explosion in the variety of both jobs and candidates available, or in other words: a thicker market for those embracing long-distance work.”

**DR. ISSI ROMEM**

ADP RESEARCH

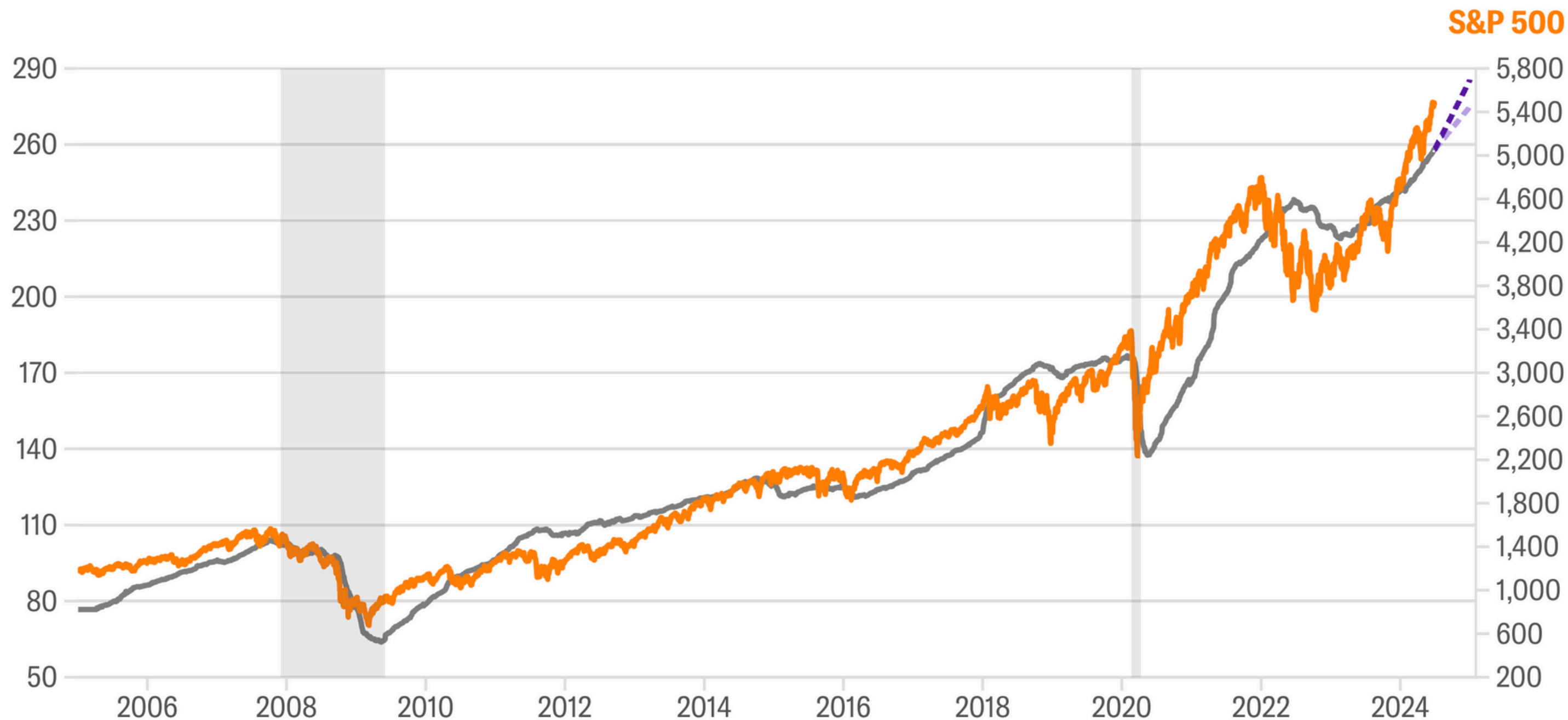
SOURCE: ADP PAYROLL AND HR DATA VIA DR. ISSI ROMEM



# EXPECTED EARNINGS GROWTH REMAINS STRONG

Bottom-up analyst consensus and DB forecasts both see continued solid earnings growth and further upside by the end of 2024.

LEFT AXIS ● S&P 500 NTM EPS ● CONSENSUS ● DB FORECAST



## EXPERT COMMENTARY

“Earnings are the anchor for equity prices. The bottom-up analyst consensus and our earnings forecasts both see continued solid earnings growth and further upside for equities by year-end.

How much? The forward consensus for S&P 500 EPS looks to be pointing to 5,500 and our earnings forecasts to 5,800 by year-end...”

**BINKY CHADHA**  
DEUTSCHE BANK

SOURCE: BLOOMBERG; DEUTSCHE BANK ASSET ALLOCATION VIA BINKY CHADHA

# RATE CUTS DON'T ALWAYS UPEND THE STOCK MARKET

S&P 500 performance one year after first Fed rate cut

● NO RECESSION IN NEXT 12M ● RECESSION IN NEXT 12M



## THE MARKET'S NEXT MOVE

EXPERT COMMENTARY

“Rate cuts are probably coming soon. And yes, they tend to happen when the economy is in trouble.

But you don't need to freak out just yet. ... This particular rate cut looks to be a celebratory rate cut — one that happens because the Fed believes they finally have inflation under control.”

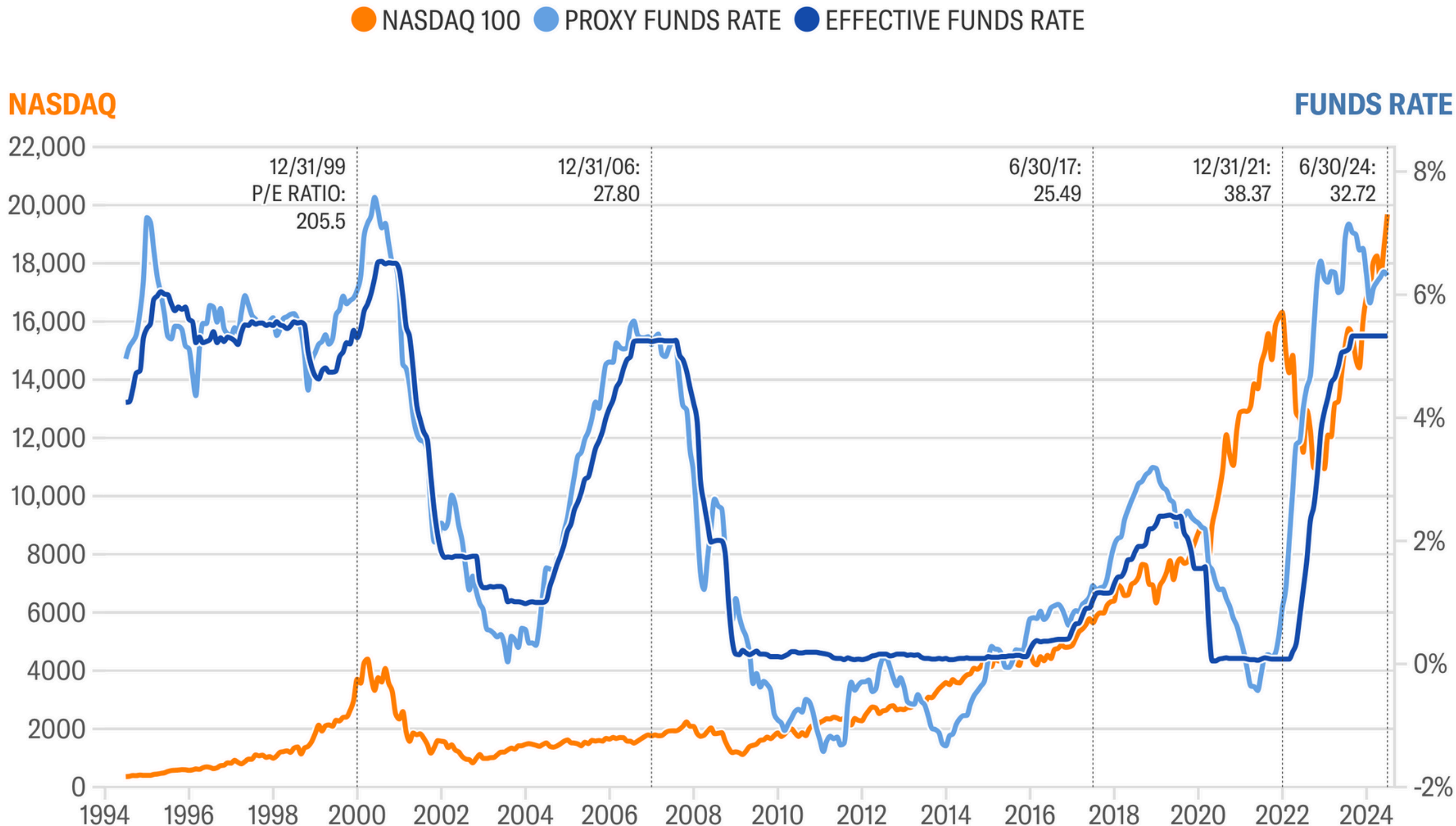
**CALLIE COX**  
RITHOLTZ WEALTH MANAGEMENT

SOURCE: RITHOLTZ WEALTH MANAGEMENT VIA CALLIE COX • DATA SINCE 1970

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# TECH STOCKS HAVE BEEN LESS SENSITIVE TO RATES



## EXPERT COMMENTARY

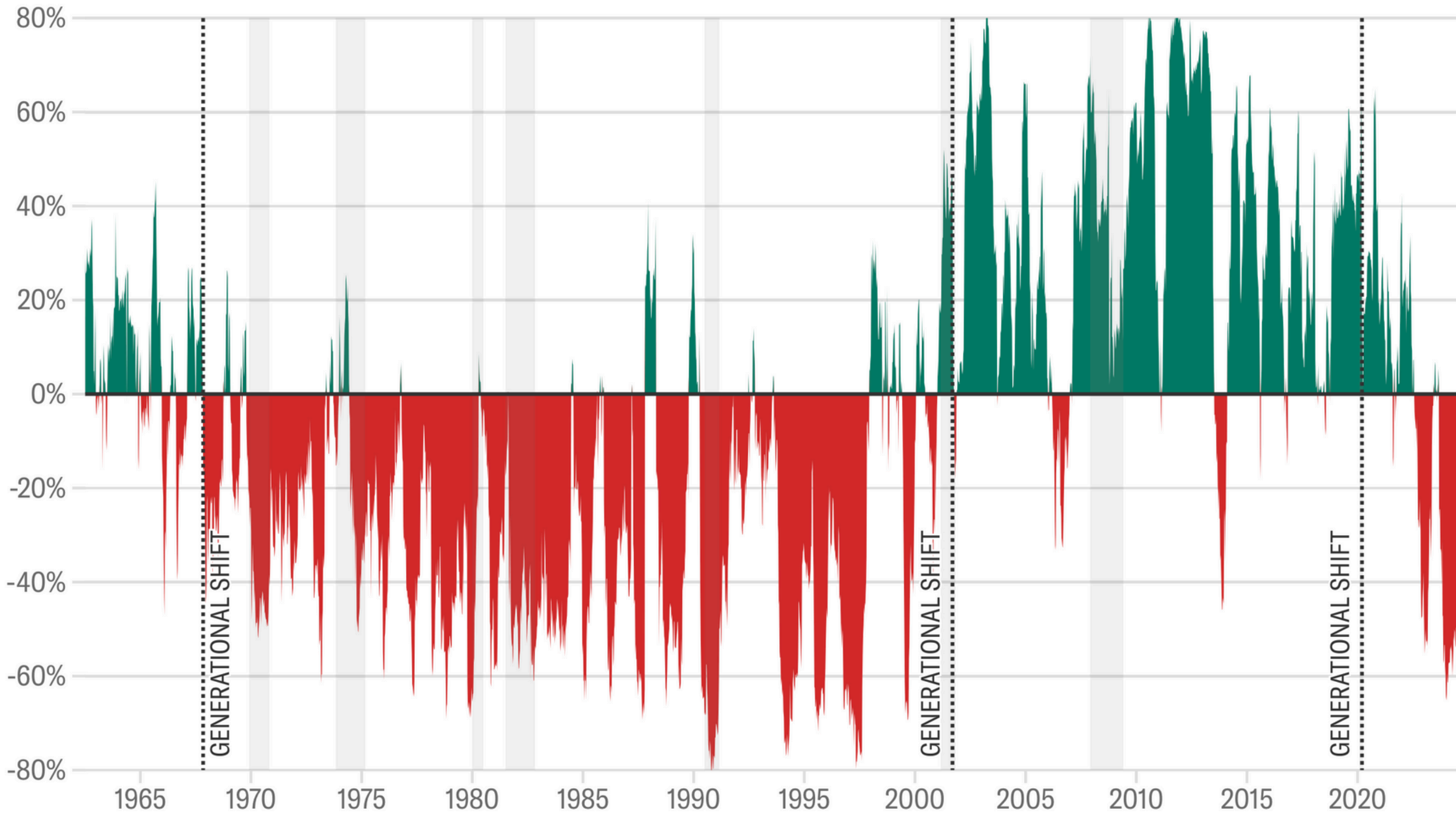
“Currently, the P/E ratio on the NASDAQ 100 is 32.72, which is higher than the historical average but not at the high end of the historical range of valuations. Therefore, I suspect that tech stocks will not be as sensitive to rate cuts going forward. I expect small caps and cyclical stocks to outperform tech stocks as markets anticipate an economic re-acceleration in coming months — but I still expect tech stocks to react positively to rate cuts.”

**KRISTINA HOOPER**  
INVESCO



# FALLING RATES ARE THE BULL CASE FOR STOCKS

Correlation between S&P 500 prices and 10-year interest rates



THE MARKET'S NEXT MOVE

*EXPERT  
COMMENTARY*

“We’ve been bullish on equities in 2024, with the view that we’re in a “softlocks” backdrop of softening macro activity and moderating inflation. This helps to bring down interest rates and provide room for the Fed to cut rates, something that will continue to propel the bullish soft landing narrative for stocks and the economy.”

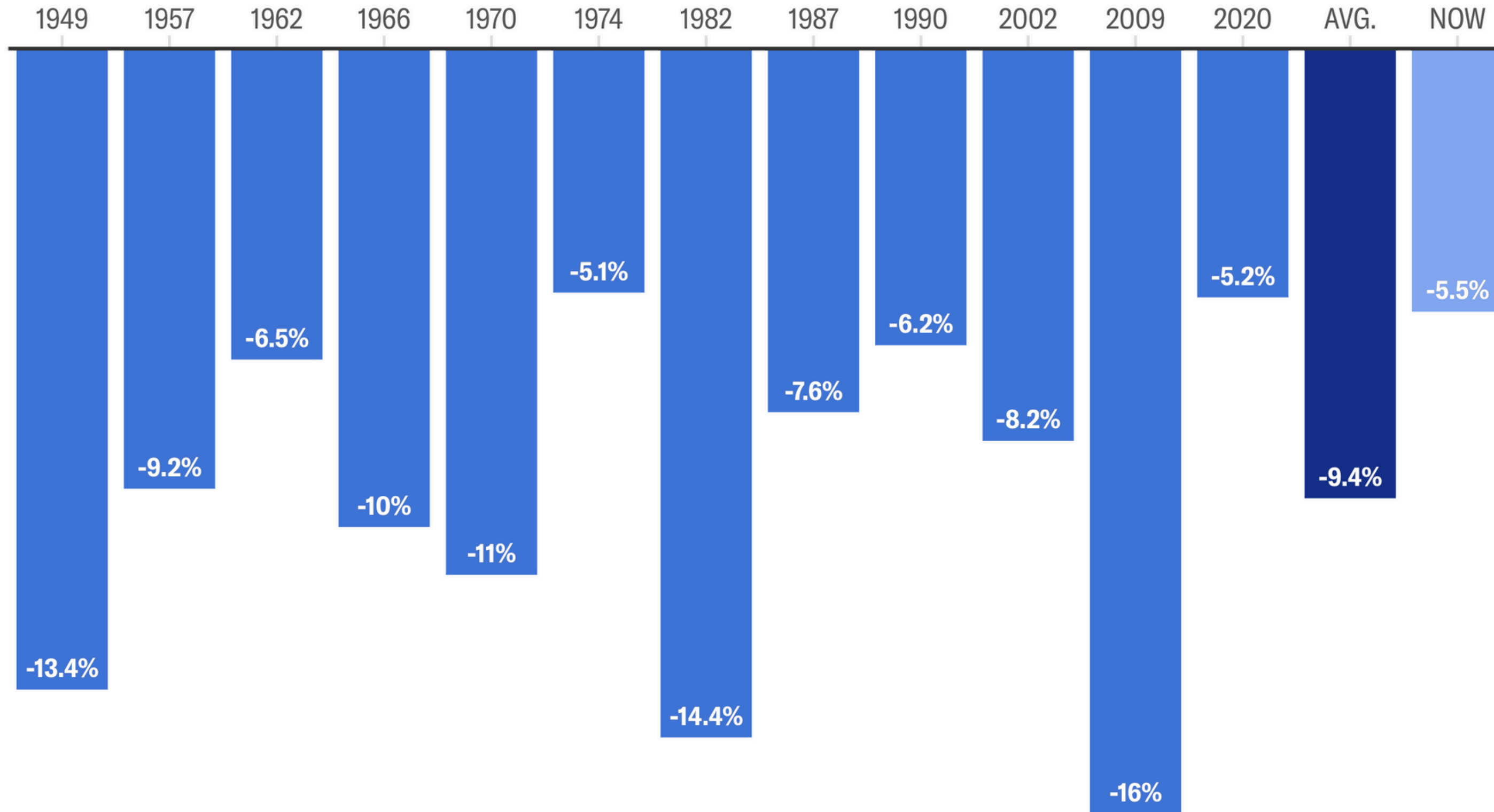
**MICHAEL KANTROWITZ**  
PIPER SANDLER

SOURCE: PIPER SANDLER VIA MICHAEL KANTROWITZ • SHADED AREAS INDICATE RECESSIONS

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# MAX DRAWDOWN LOW RELATIVE TO HISTORY

S&P 500 max drawdown during second year of bull market



*EXPERT COMMENTARY*

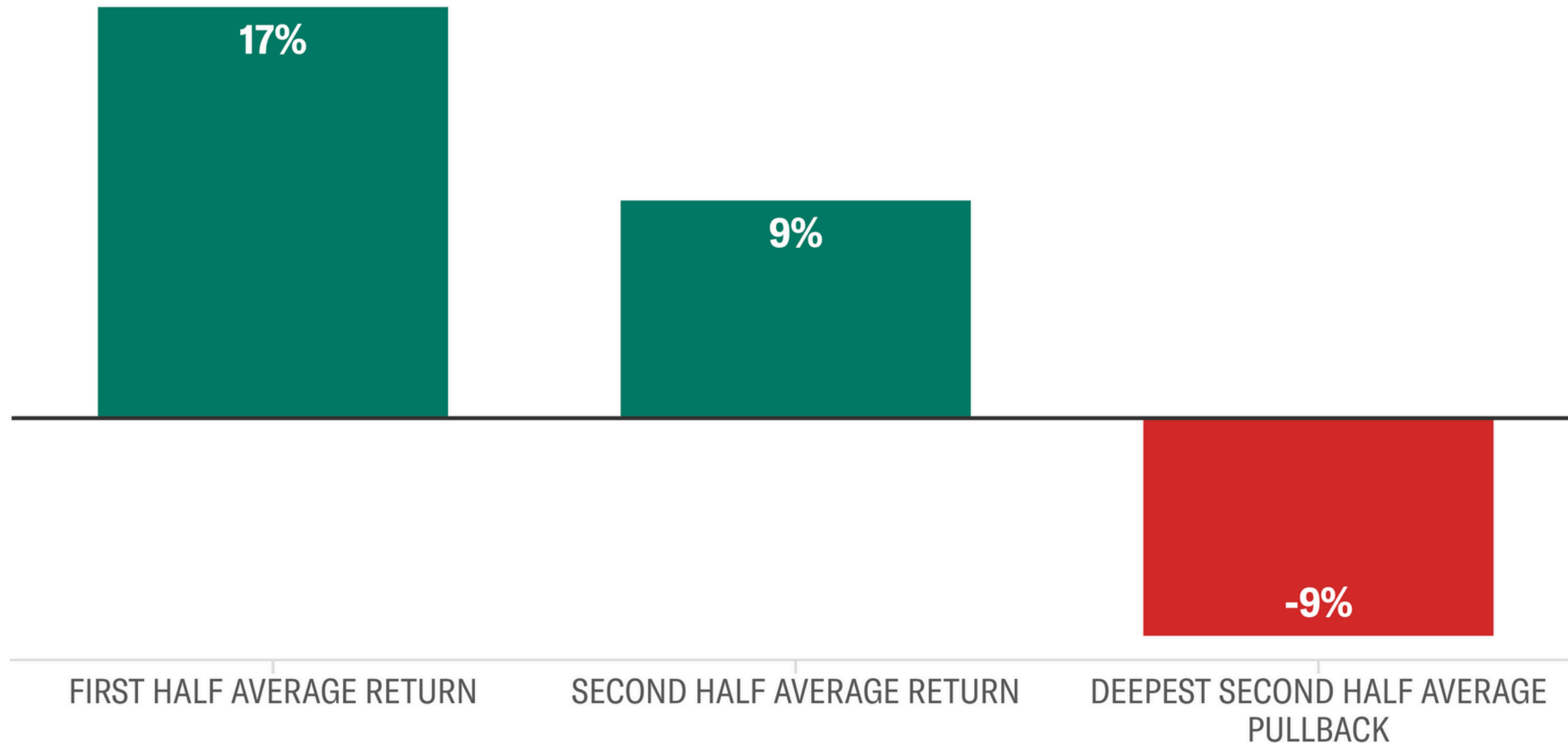
“We are still skeptical that the 5.5% drawdown that occurred during March-April will be the worst for the S&P 500 this year...

However, we are now convinced that should a more severe pullback happen, ... it will likely occur at higher index levels than we previously anticipated.”

**BRIAN BELSKI**  
BMO CAPITAL MARKETS

# STRONG FIRST HALF OFTEN MEANS STRONG SECOND HALF

S&P 500 second half returns & pullbacks after > 10% total return



## EXPERT COMMENTARY

“Since 1950, there have been 27 years where the S&P 500 gained more than 10% in the first half on a total return basis, such as what occurred this year.

In the second half following these periods, the S&P 500 has averaged an additional gain of 9%. The index has risen in 24 of 27 such periods, despite seeing an average peak-to-trough pullback of 9% at some point.”

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TRUIST